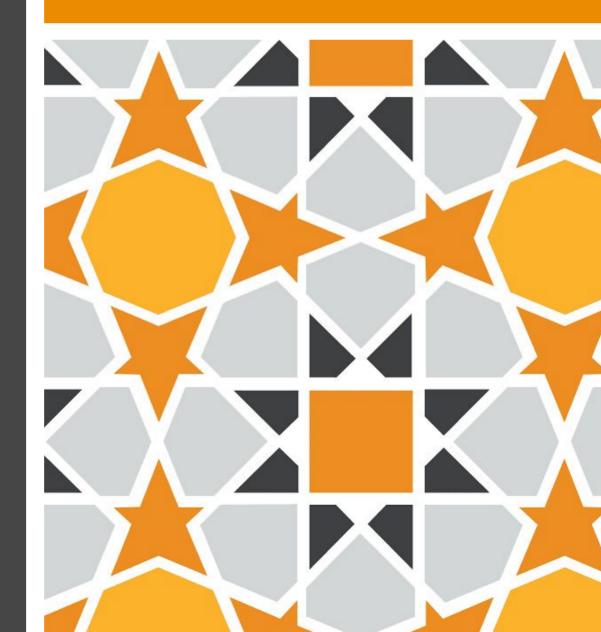
Saudi Arabia: Proposed criteria for used cars - Eligible goods under profit margin method for VAT purposes

January 2023







# "

The proposed classification criteria has been issued for public consultation and is not yet enforced. If approved, this will become binding for all relevant stakeholders.

## In brief

The Zakat, Tax and Customs Authority ('ZATCA') has published a proposed criteria for 'used cars' to be classified as 'eligible goods' for applying profit margin method under Article 48 of the KSA VAT Implementing Regulations.

The <u>proposed classification criteria</u> has been published on the Public Consultation Platform of the National Competitiveness Center on 4 January 2023 - for public consultation.

# In detail

Article 48 of the KSA VAT Implementing Regulation provides governing principle to account for tax payable on supply of 'eligible used goods' under the profit margin method by a taxable person.

This classification criteria has been issued by ZATCA under Article 48(2) a) of the Implementing Regulations that empowers ZATCA to specify goods that can be considered as eligible for applying profit margin method.

The following criteria for supply of used cars has been proposed to be met in order to apply the profit margin method:

- 1. The used car must be registered in the Kingdom
- 2. The used car must have been driven on the road for personal or work purposes
- 3. The used car must be suitable for reuse as it is in its condition, or after making some repairs or improvement to it, provided that it has not undergone modifications or repairs that altered its basic nature.
- 4. The supply of the used car must be by a taxable person registered with ZATCA and licensed to practice the activity of car trading according to the commercial registration or any similar license.



# In detail (cont'd.)

Used cars qualified for using the profit margin method do not include any of the following:

- 1. New cars (registration of the car and the mileage for delivery to the customer does not mean that the car is "used" and eligible to use profit margin method).
- 2. Cars imported into the Kingdom, even if they were used outside the Kingdom including the car received on behalf of the person.
- Any used car purchased by a taxable person who applies the profit margin method and for which a tax invoice was issued showing that VAT is calculated separately according to the normal rules for non-used goods.

Interested stakeholders and taxpayers are encouraged to express their opinion on this <u>platform</u> and share feedback on the proposed classification criteria no later than 30 January 2023.

# The takeaway

The public consultation forum presents a unique opportunity for interested stakeholders to share views and highlight any improvement areas regarding the proposed classification criteria. Any feedback should be shared with ZATCA no later than 30 January 2023 through the prescribed channel.

Taxpayers who are engaged in purchasing/selling used cars and wish to find out more about the proposed classification criteria, feel free to reach out to us for support.

www.pwc.com/me

### Let's talk

For a deeper discussion of how this issue might affect your business, please contact:



Mohammed Yaghmour

Middle East Tax & Legal Services Leader

+966 56 704 9675

mohammed.yaghmour@pwc.com



### Mohammed Al-Obaidi

KSA Market Leade

+966 50 525 6796

mohammed.alobaidi@pwc.com



### Chadi Abou Chakra

Indirect Taxes Network Leader

+966 56 068 0291

Chadi.Abou-Chakra@pwc.com



### Guido Lubbers

Partner - Indirect Tax

+966 54 110 0432

guido.lubbers@pwc.com



### Hafez Yamin

Partner, Indirect Tax

+966 54 033 7096

hafez.y.yamin@pwc.com



### Mohamad Najjar

Partner, Indirect Tax

+966 56 367 9392

mohamad.x.najjar@pwc.com

# Thank you

©2023 PwC. All rights reserved. PwC refers to the PwC network and/or one or more of its member firms, each of which is a separate legal entity. Please see www.pwc.com/structure for further details. This publication has been prepared for general guidance on matters of interest only, and does not constitute professional advice. You should not act upon the information contained in this publication without obtaining specific professional advice. No representation or warranty (express or implied) is given as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained in this publication, and, to the extent permitted by law, PricewaterhouseCoopers, its members, employees and agents do not accept or assume any liability, responsibility or duty of care for any consequences of you or anyone else acting, or refraining to act, in reliance on the information contained in this publication or for any decision based on it.