

Transforming our Region: Future Insights – Economic Update





Welcome

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Economic Updates

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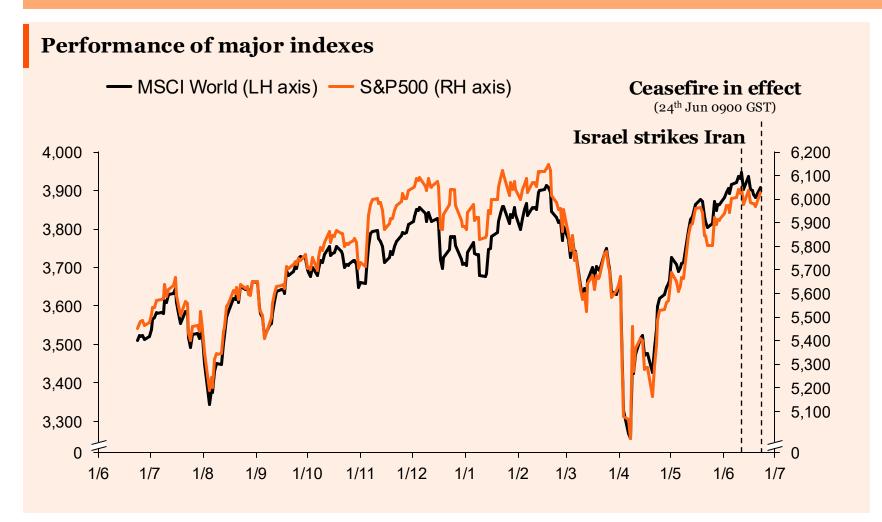
Economic Updates

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Impact of Iran-Israel conflict

Global equity markets recovering, signaling easing fears of broader escalation



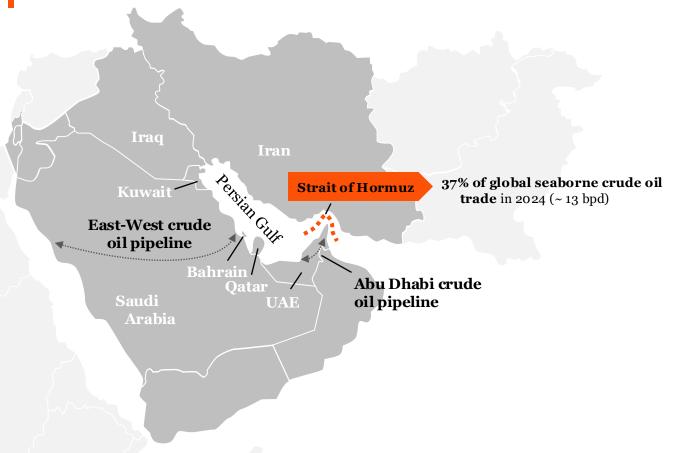


Equities briefly wavered after Qatar closed its airspace over fears of an Iranian strike in Qatar, but major indexes ultimately closed higher as investors interpreted the calculated strike and ceasefire as a signal of containment

Impact of Iran-Israel conflict

Full closure of the Strait of Hormuz will be disruptive to energy markets, but remains a tail risk

Energy markets possible chokepoint



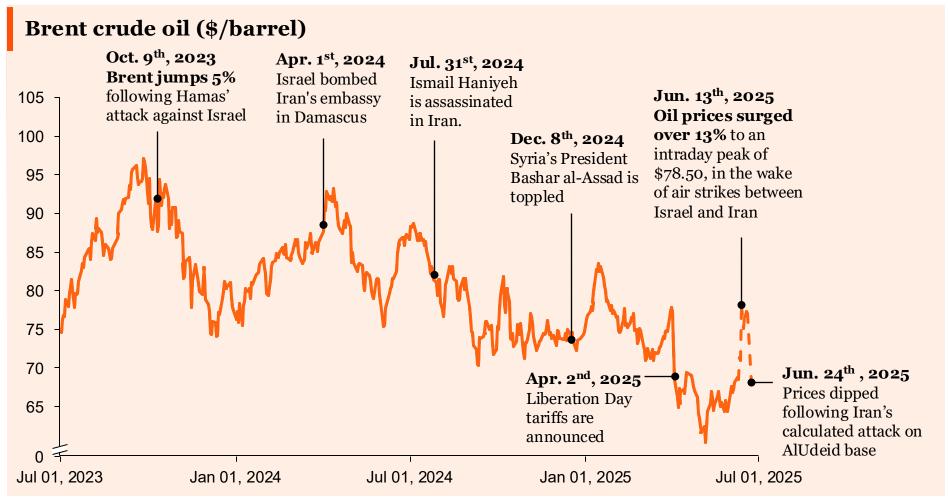
Supply-shock impact on crude oil (%)

Event	Start	End	Impact
Arab oil embargo	Oct. 1973	Oct. 1973	7.3%
Iranian hostage crisis	Jan. 1978	Jan. 1981	8.7%
Iran-Iraq war	Sept. 1980	Aug. 1988	6.9%
Gulf war	Aug. 1990	Feb. 1991	6.6%
9/11 & Afghanistan war	Sept. 2001	Dec. 2014	-
Iraq war	Mar. 2003	Dec. 2011	3.0%
Liyan civil war	Feb. 2011	Oct. 2011	1.7%
Crimea crisis	Feb. 2014	Mar. 2014	-
Russia-Ukraine war	Feb. 2022	-	-
Israel-Iran escalations	Jun. 2025	-	20-30%

Source: US Energy Information Administration

Impact of Iran-Israel conflict

Oil prices spiked on Iran-Israel escalation, but have since eased





Oil prices rose sharply after Israel-Iran strikes raised fears of a broader regional conflict and potential disruption to Middle East oil flows



Calm has since returned to markets, with prices easing as lran's response appeared calibrated and a ceasefire announced

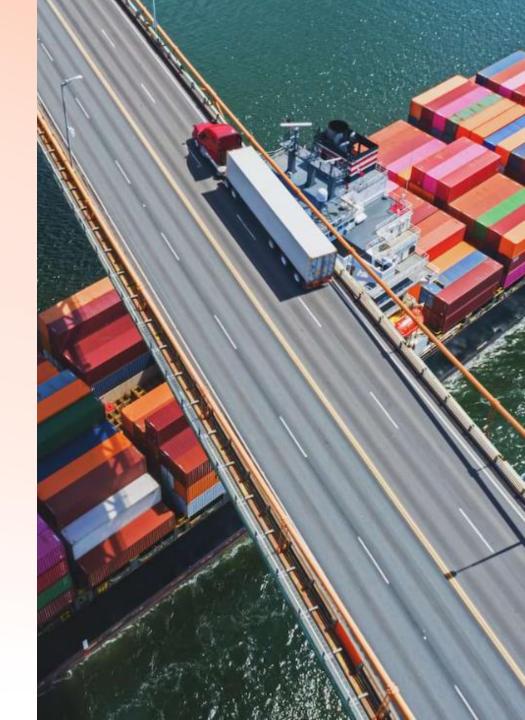


Higher oil prices tend to push inflation up, with a 10% rise typically adding around 0.4 pp to inflation (IMF) Trump, tariffs, trade, and tapering: Understanding the strategic shifts shaping the region

Middle East Economy Watch

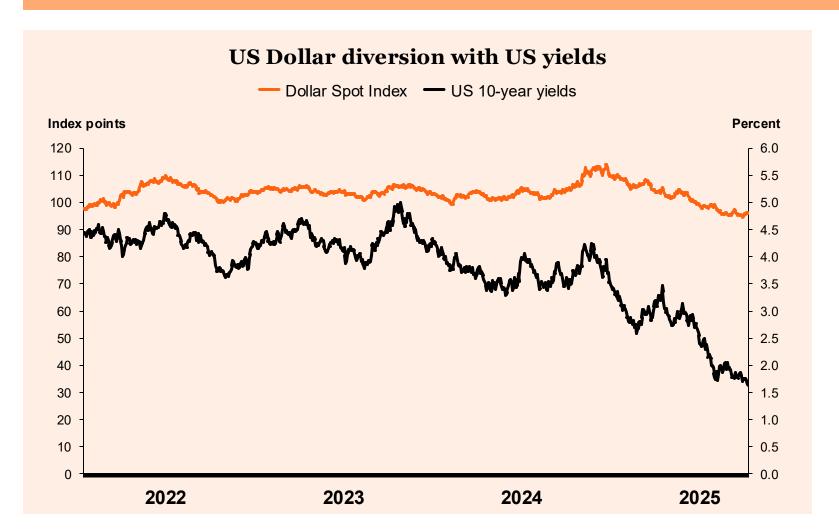


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Middle East Economy Watch

Trump's trade policies potentially creating a triple whammy for the region





Lower oil prices, weaker dollar, and rising borrowing costs are the key short-term effects of Trump's policies on the GCC.



A 9% drop in the USD since Trump's election could result in imported inflation across dollarpegged economies



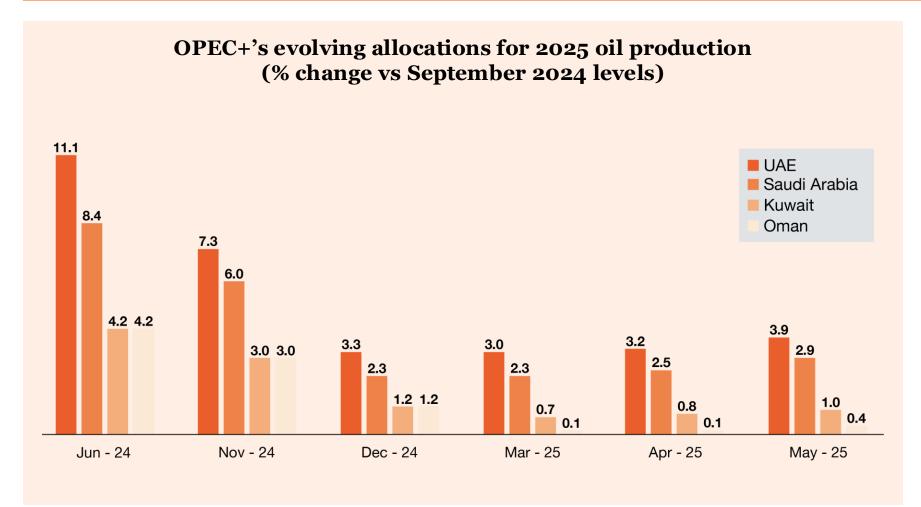
Rising borrowing costs and elevated CDS spreads increase the cost of financing deficits for the GCC and trigger fiscal consolidation measures



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Middle East Economy Watch

OPEC+ has intensified its tapering strategy, front-loading production hikes to counter overproduction and protect market share





The IMF forecasts 1.7% oil sector growth in 2025, with OPEC+ tapering set to add another 0.5pp



Weak oil prices, due to increased supply, combined with high spending, may prompt subsidy cuts or tax hikes, though most GCC states can absorb deficits



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Q&A

Thank you