



Transforming our Region:

Future Insights – Skills, capital
& the next era of growth



February 24 at 4 PM GST



Welcome

Stephen Anderson

Chief Strategy & Technology Officer
PwC Middle East

Saudi economy watch

Richard Boxshall

Global Economics Leader and ME Chief
Economist, PwC Middle East

WGS: Skills Paper
Anchoring degrees,
accelerating skills:
Policies towards a stackable,
skills-first ecosystem

Roland Hancock

Global Education and Skills Leader and Chief
Sustainability Officer, PwC Middle East

Randa Bahsoun

Partner, Labour Market and Social Development
Leader, PwC Middle East

2026 Transact ME

Ali Salman

Director, Corporate Finance, PwC Middle East

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Saudi Economy Watch

**The next phase of economic
diversification**

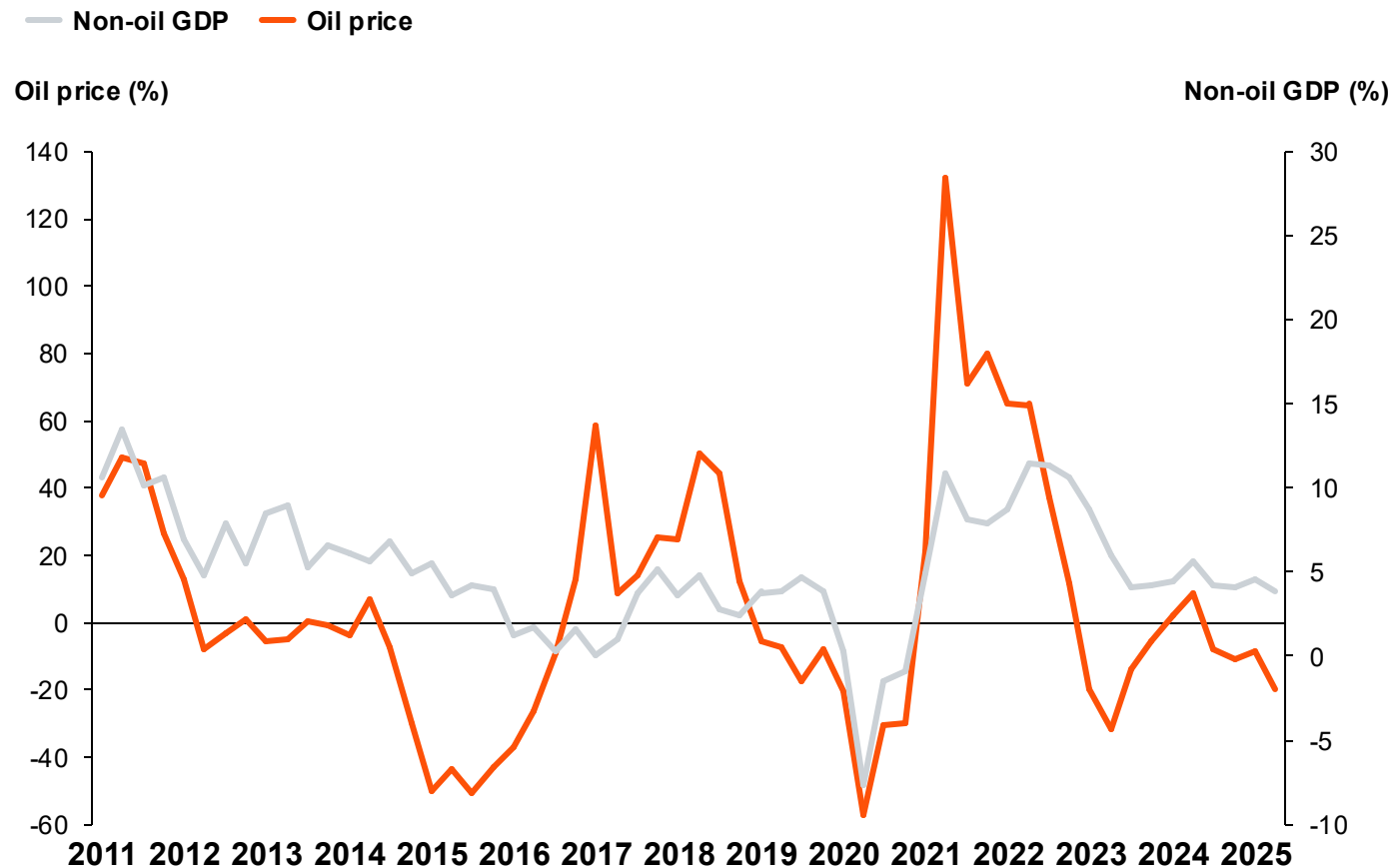
**A new growth framework for the
Kingdom**

Read our full report



Saudi Arabia has diversified at scale, but the non-oil economy still remains sensitive to the oil market

Changes in oil price and changes in non-oil GDP over time



With **non-oil activity now comprising 56%** of the SAR 4.7 tn economy and non-oil fiscal revenues increasing from SAR 256 bn in 2017 to SAR 393 bn in 2025, KSA has achieved a decisive **expansion of its non-oil base through sustained reform and investment**



Non-oil GDP still remains sensitive to oil market conditions; we find that a **10% change in oil prices is associated with a 0.5% change in non-oil GDP**



Source: PwC analysis, Saudi Economy Watch 2025

Non-oil exports create a second engine of growth that continues to perform even when oil prices decline

Why non-oil export-oriented growth matters

01

Provides an independent engine of demand

Access to global markets reduces reliance on domestic cycles



02

Builds capabilities through competition

Exposure to global competition boosts productivity and learning gains



03

Source of foreign exchange

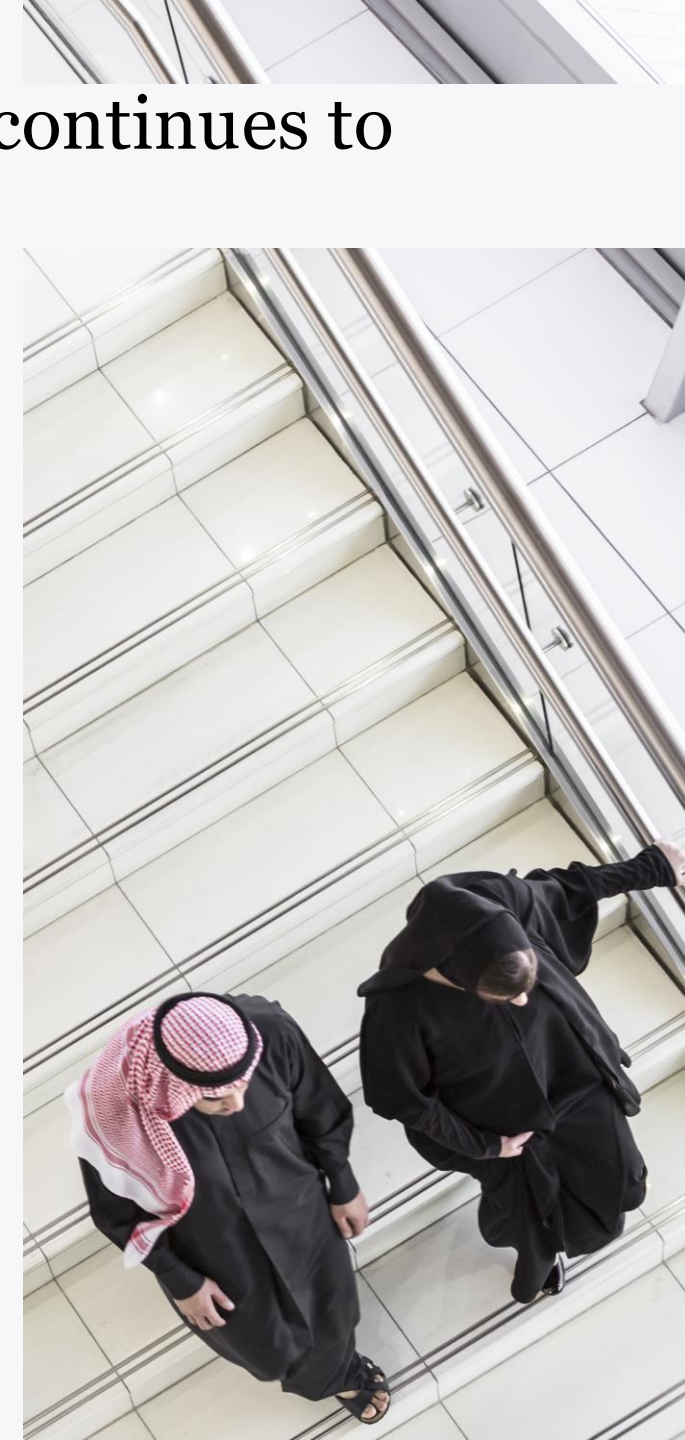
Foreign exchange diversification reduces reliance on oil-funded reserves



04

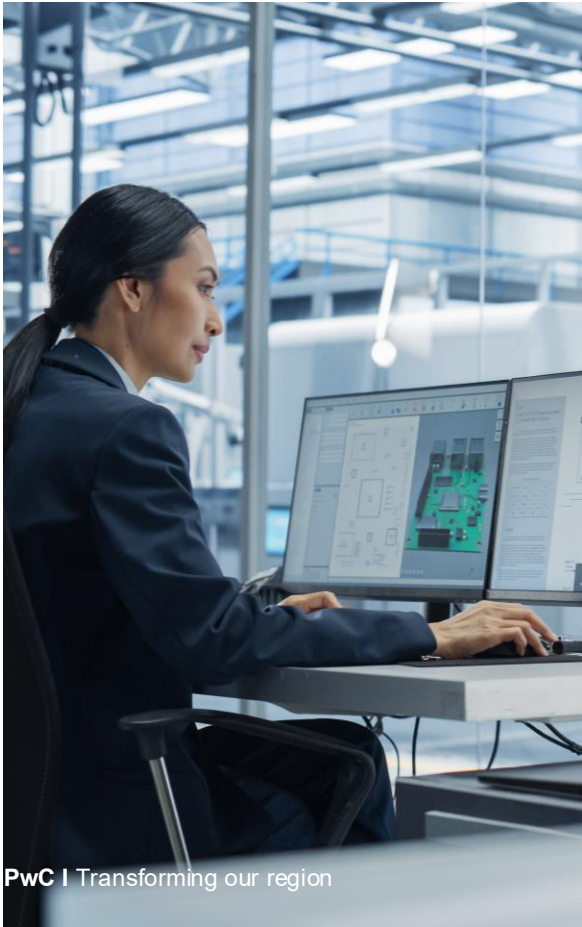
Changes the nature of investments

Tradable sectors generate stronger spillovers than retail or construction-led growth



The next phase of diversification is defined not by scale, but by the quality of growth...

Our growth framework to assess sectors and investments



1. Strengthen exportability and tradable competitiveness



2. Build structural depth and learning potential



3. Maximise domestic value creation and supply chain integration



4. Upgrade skills and employment quality



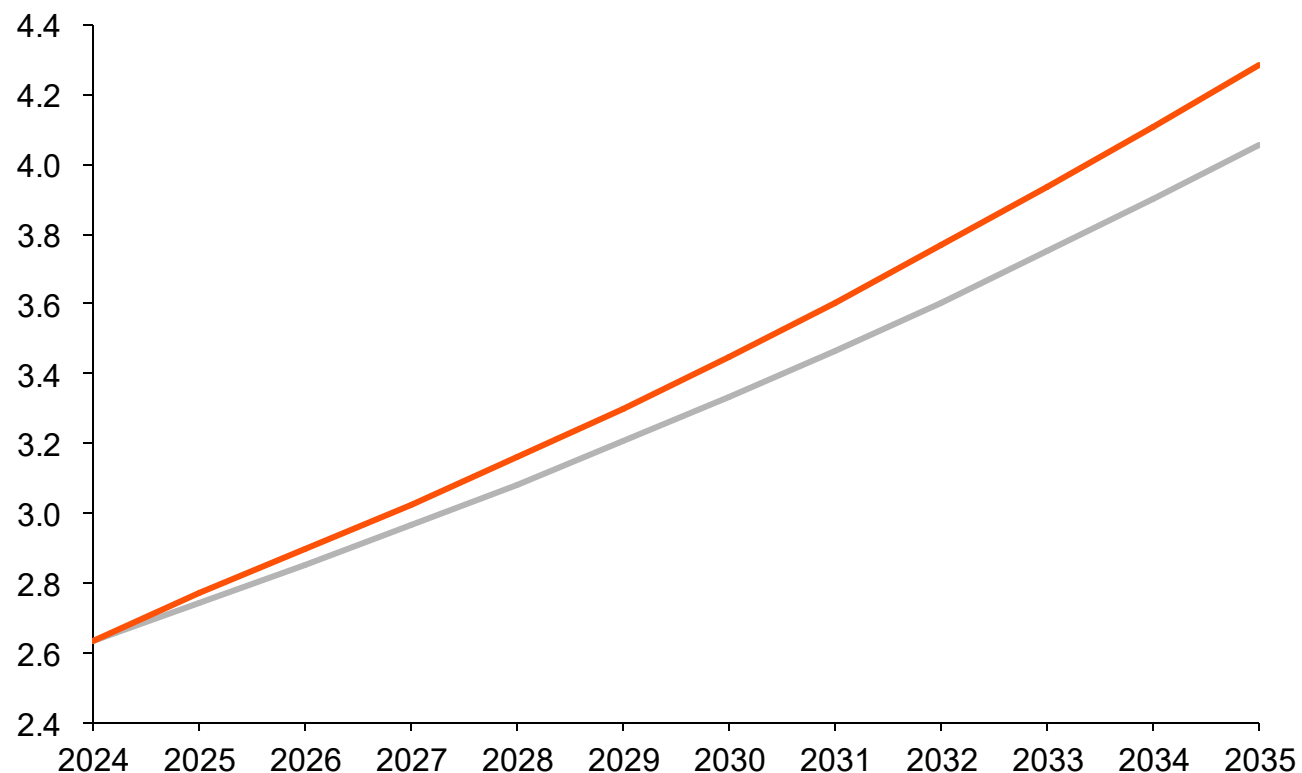
5. Scale private investment and direct public resources where they add value

...where productivity will be the lever that will turn diversification into durable independence

Potential gains from the growth framework

— Baseline — Pro-growth framework policies

Non-oil GDP (SAR tn)



Source: PwC analysis, Saudi Economy Watch 2025

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Under a reform package aligned with the growth framework, **total factor productivity could increase by approximately 10% by 2035**, resulting in ~5.5% boost to non-oil GDP



Productivity led growth **strengthens resilience, reduces oil sensitivity, and supports a more sustainable fiscal trajectory**



Saudi Economy Watch

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Anchoring Degrees, Accelerating Skills: Policies Towards A Stackable, Skills-First Ecosystem

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The world of work is evolving rapidly, resulting in labour market skills demands to evolve faster than degree cycles

The world of work is changing fast as a result of these key megatrends:

1

AI and automation, which are transforming productivity, job design, and skills demand

2

Digitalisation, enabling hyperconnectivity and data driven decision-making

3

Decarbonisation, driving the creation of green industries and skills for sustainable growth

4

Demographic shifts, including ageing populations in some economies and youth surges in others

5

Geoeconomic realignment, as supply chains, trade, and talent flows reorganise in a more multipolar world



The disruption: Skills evolve faster than degree cycles



40%

of skills are expected to be outdated by 2030



45%

of workers have had to learn new skills within the past year to stay relevant



59%

of the global workforce will require training by 2030, to keep up with evolving skills demands driven by the adoption of artificial intelligence (AI)

The labour market signal: Employers struggling to access the right skills



170M

new jobs anticipated to be created by 2030 as a result of structural changes in the labour market

&



98%

difficulty finding talent



89%

Avoid hiring graduates

We propose a practical framework where degrees are complemented by credentials to preserve academic depth and labour-market agility

The system response is clear:

The choice is not
Degrees or Skills...

It is...

Degrees

with

Skills

Complement degrees with verifiable, stackable credentials that are recognised in hiring, making learning portable and continuously updated

Anchors

Credible, deep, enduring

Living currency

Verifiable, portable, continuously refreshed

We propose a **Skills Readiness and Design Framework** informed by recent research and thinking that can meet these needs.



The Skills Readiness and Design Framework is designed to...

01

Support policymakers in developing a skills-first ecosystem with stackable credentials



02

Enable governments to standardise skills definitions and validations



03

Help meet learner concerns about the growing automation of training and certification by implementing human-centered safeguards and assessment standards



04

Create trust through micro-credentials that are quality assured, portable and recognised across systems and borders



STACK Skills for future ready qualifications

S

Signal

Each credential must clearly show which roles and skills it serves

T

Trust

Credentials must be verifiable, portable, and transparent

A

Accelerate

Credentials should be priced and structured for modular uptake, with funding models that reward verified outcomes

C

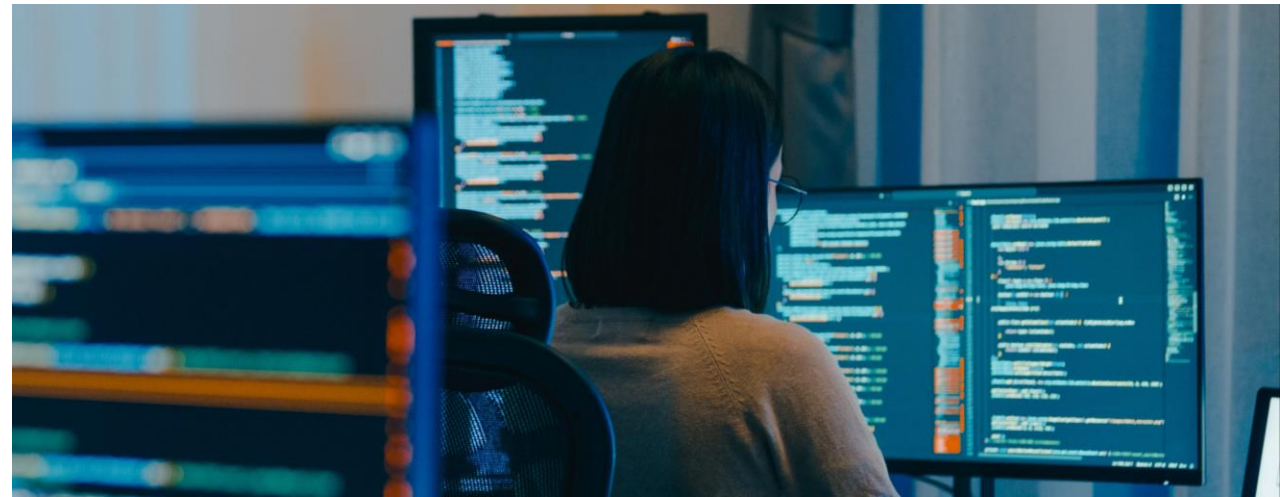
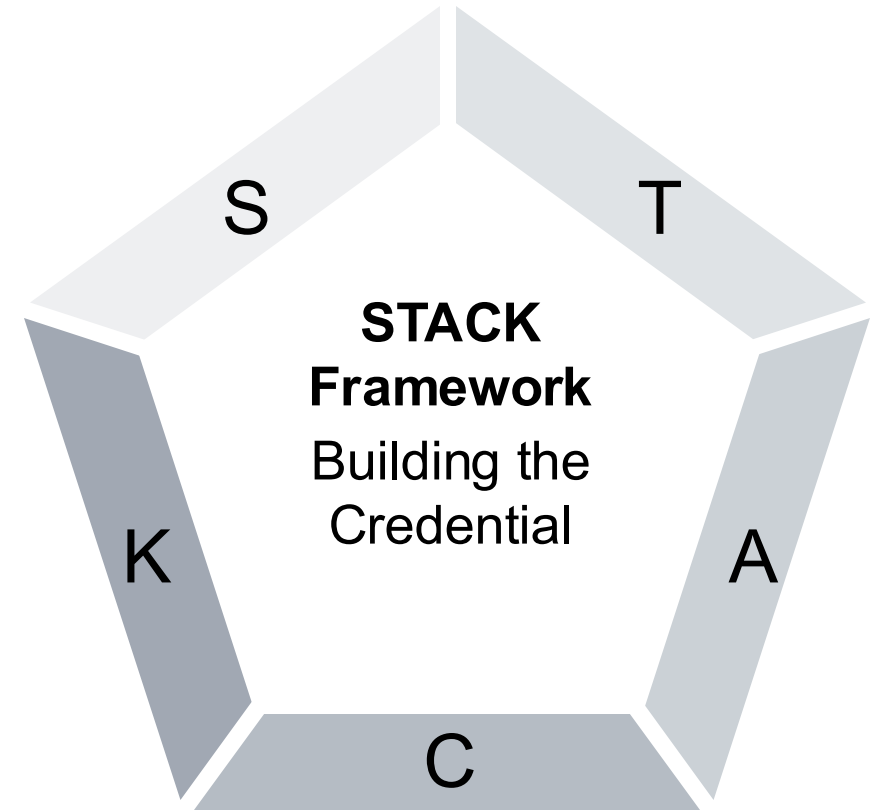
Culture

Employers must integrate credential-building into work

K

Knit

Credentials must connect to others so learners can build progressive stacks for specialisation (depth) or breadth



ALIGN the ecosystem to enable industry ready skills

A

Align Strategy & Stakeholders

Create a shared vision and coordinated priorities across government, employers, education providers, and quality assurance bodies

L

Learning Designed for Industry

Design programs that are outcome-based, co-created with employers, and result in stackable credentials

I

Integrated Technology

Develop technological infrastructure to make the ecosystem secure with verifiable, interoperable, and portable credentials

G

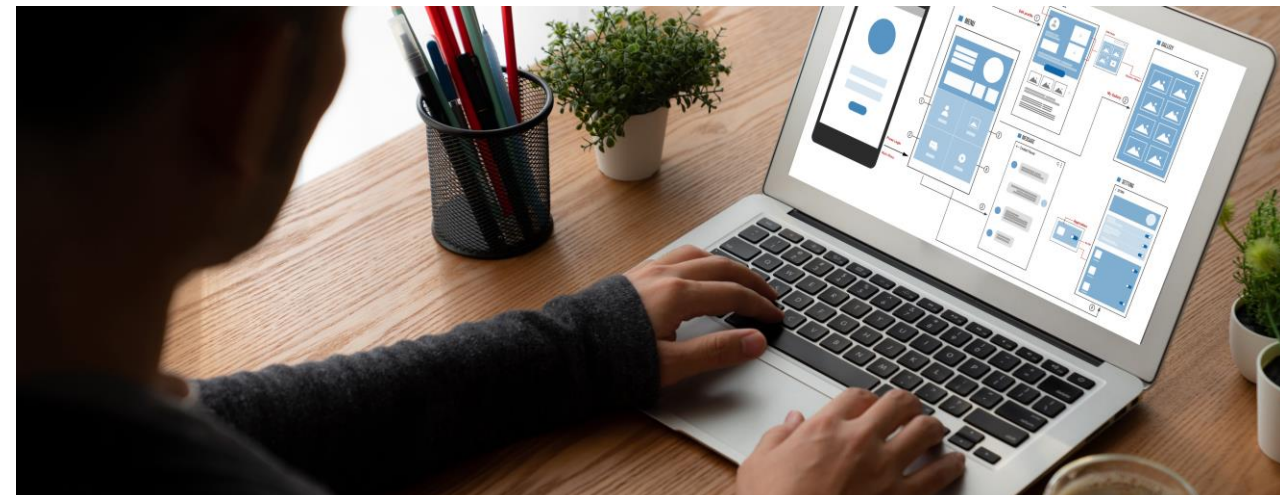
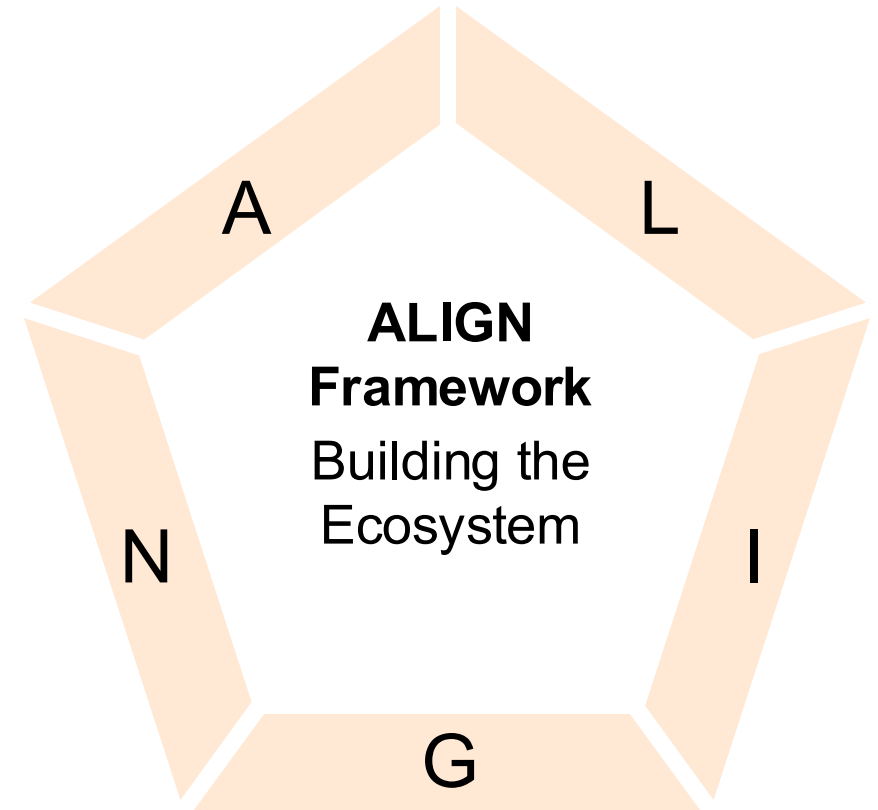
Governance

Converting agreement into action: establish rules that build inter-stakeholder trust and adoption incentives

N

Navigation & Portability

Making movement between learning and work seamless – across providers, sectors, and borders





Sector Skills Accelerators are a key piece of the delivery architecture for implementation

Sector Skills Accelerators: Government Roles

Aligning employers, education providers and other stakeholders around shared standards, data and measurable outcomes to strengthen skills development.

01

Clear Responsibility

Assign responsibility for orchestrating the Framework. A network of nascent 'Sector Skills Accelerators' is emerging.

02

Implementation Support

Leverage the global Accelerator Network to enable peer-to-peer learning and establish best practices.

03

Standards and Measurable Outcomes

Establish tripartite boards, braided finance, and quarterly publication of conversion of vacancies to jobs and wage uplift.

04

Governance and Trust

Set the rules, align incentives, build trust that enables effective outcomes, and ensure appropriate governance and oversight.

Read our report - Anchoring Degrees, Accelerating Skills: Policies Towards A Stackable, Skills-First Ecosystem



Scan for more insights from our report,
Out Now!



2026 Transact Middle East :

Ali Salman

Director, Corporate Finance
PwC Middle East





2026 TransAct Middle East

**Precision over pace: The Middle East's focused
M&A strategy for transformative growth**





1

2026 M&A themes

2026 M&A themes

01

Capital rebalances inward as inbound interest strengthens



02

Domestic and intra-regional consolidation dominates



03

Energy investments support industrial resilience



04

Digital infrastructure and AI remain the region's strategic core



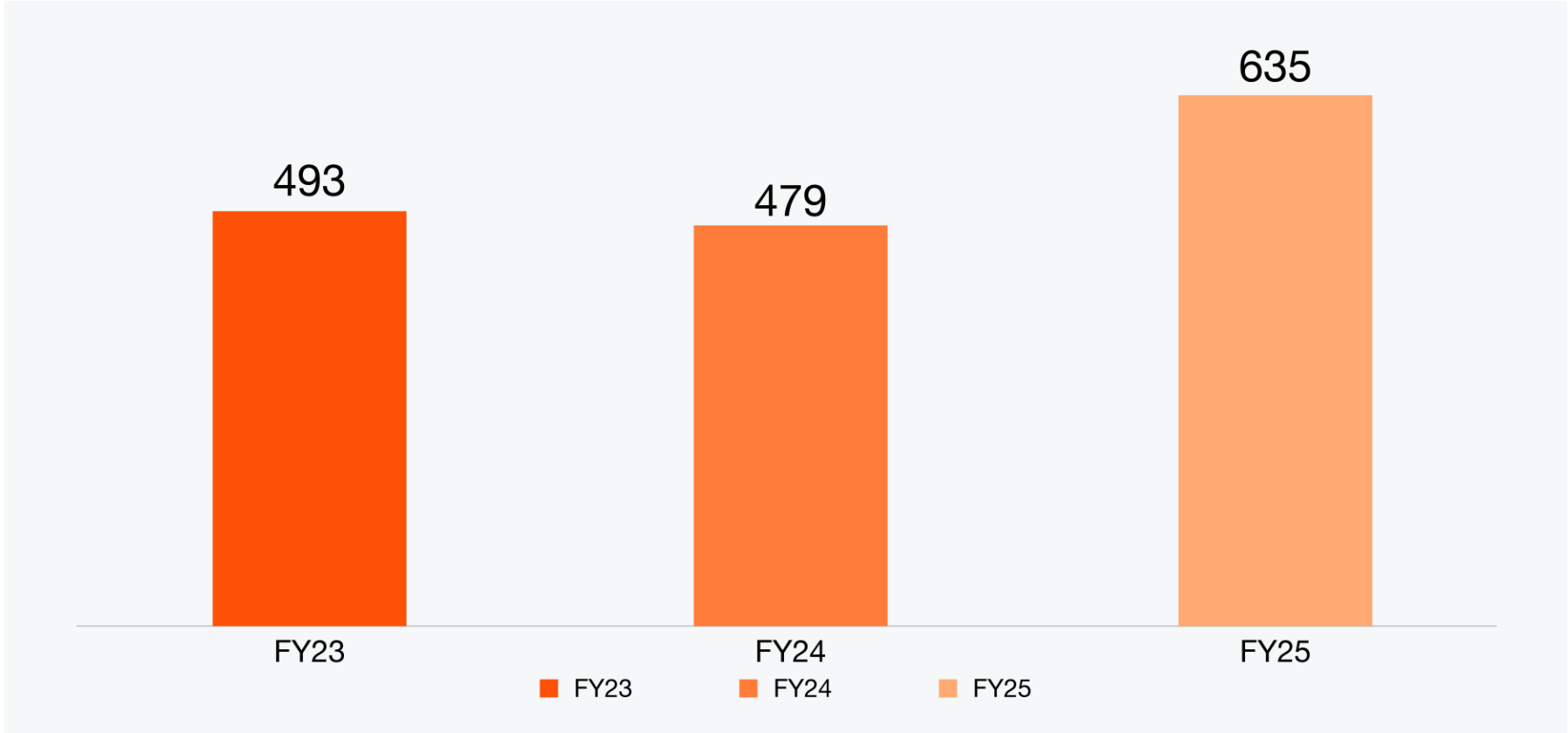
05

Sovereign capital continues to set the pace for strategic dealmaking





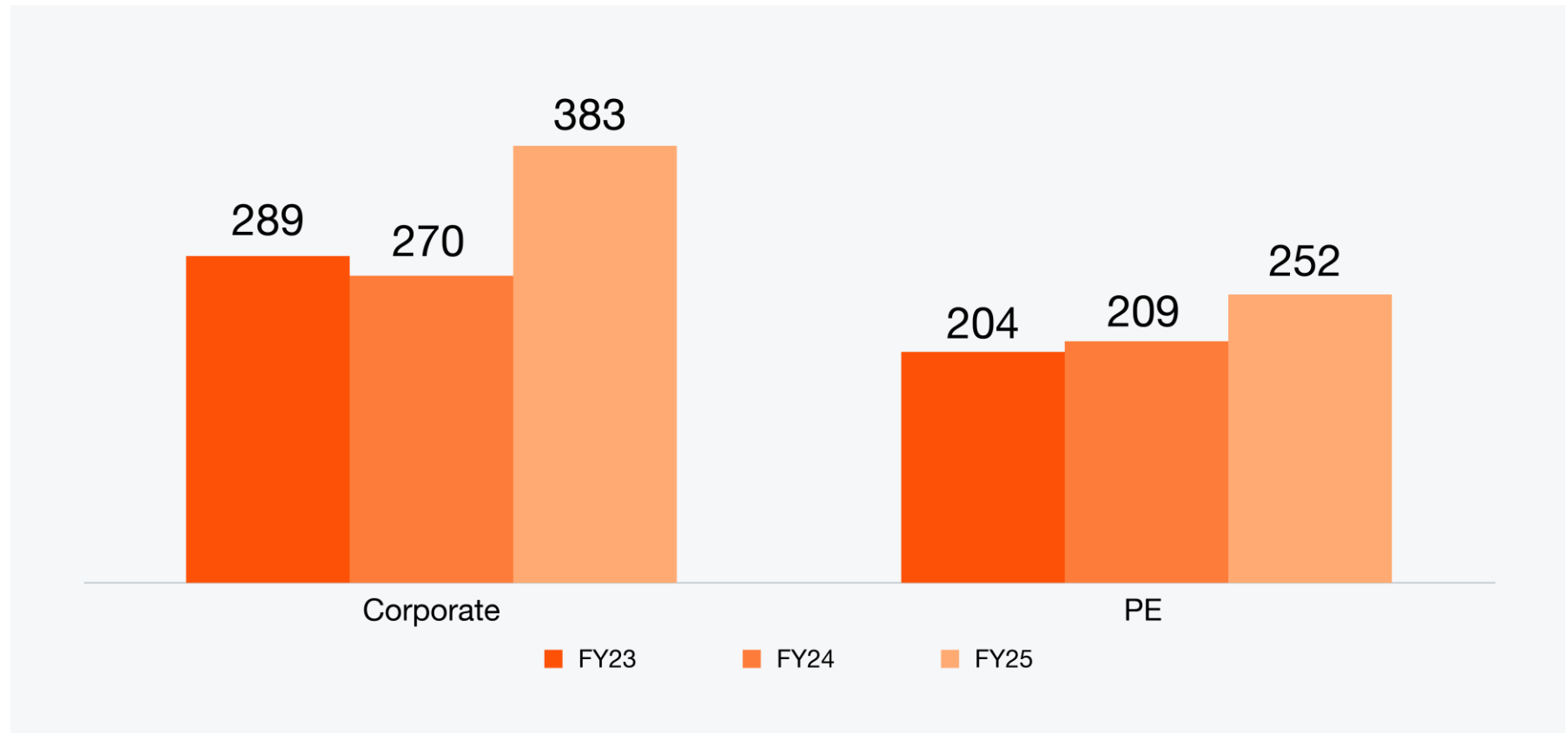
Figure 1: Middle East M&A Deal Volume (FY-2023 to FY-2025)



Source: PwC Analysis based on LSEG data



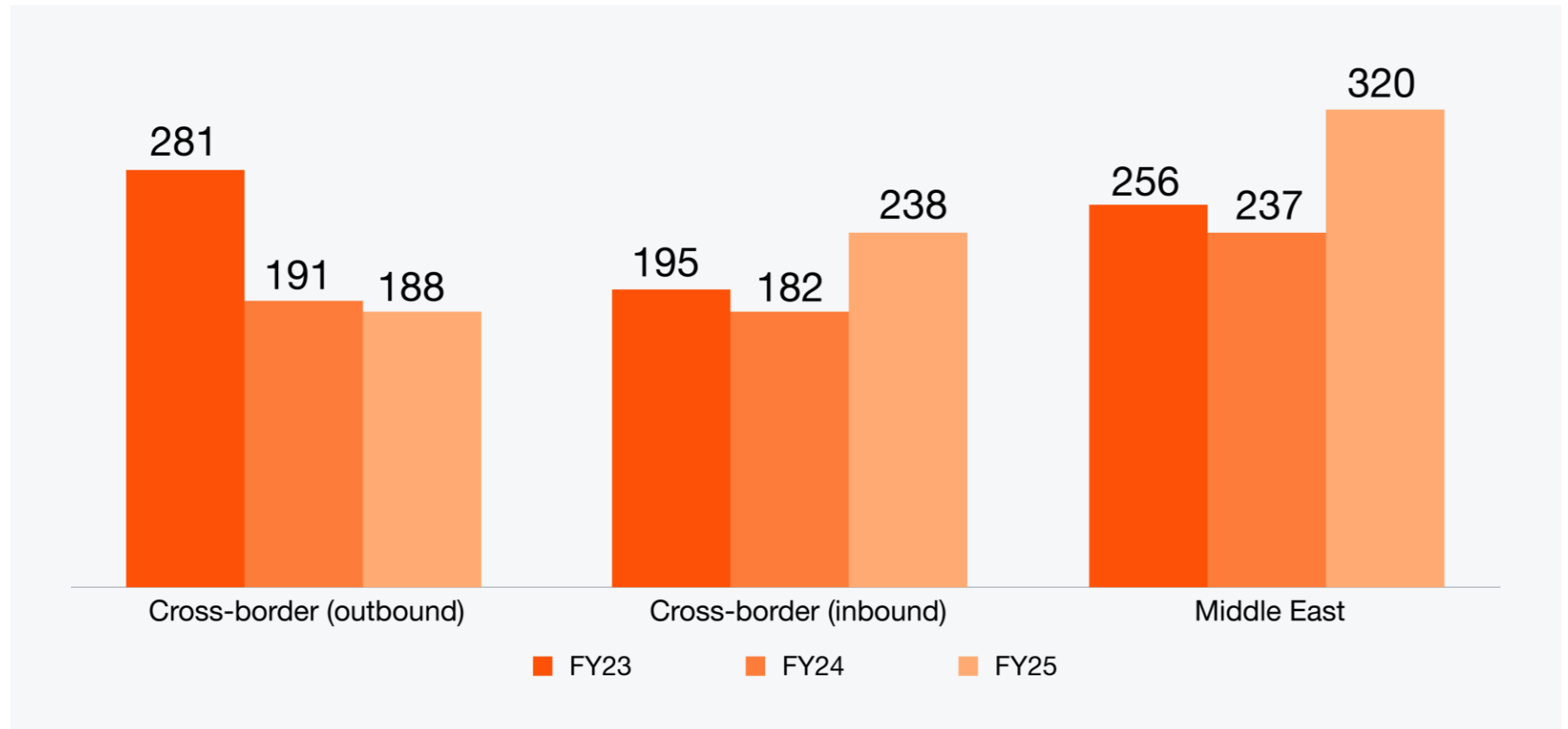
Figure 2: Middle East M&A Deal Volume by Deal Type (FY-2023 to FY-2025)



Source: PwC Analysis based on LSEG data



Figure 3: Cross-border Deal Volume (FY-2023 to FY-2025)



Source: PwC Analysis based on LSEG data

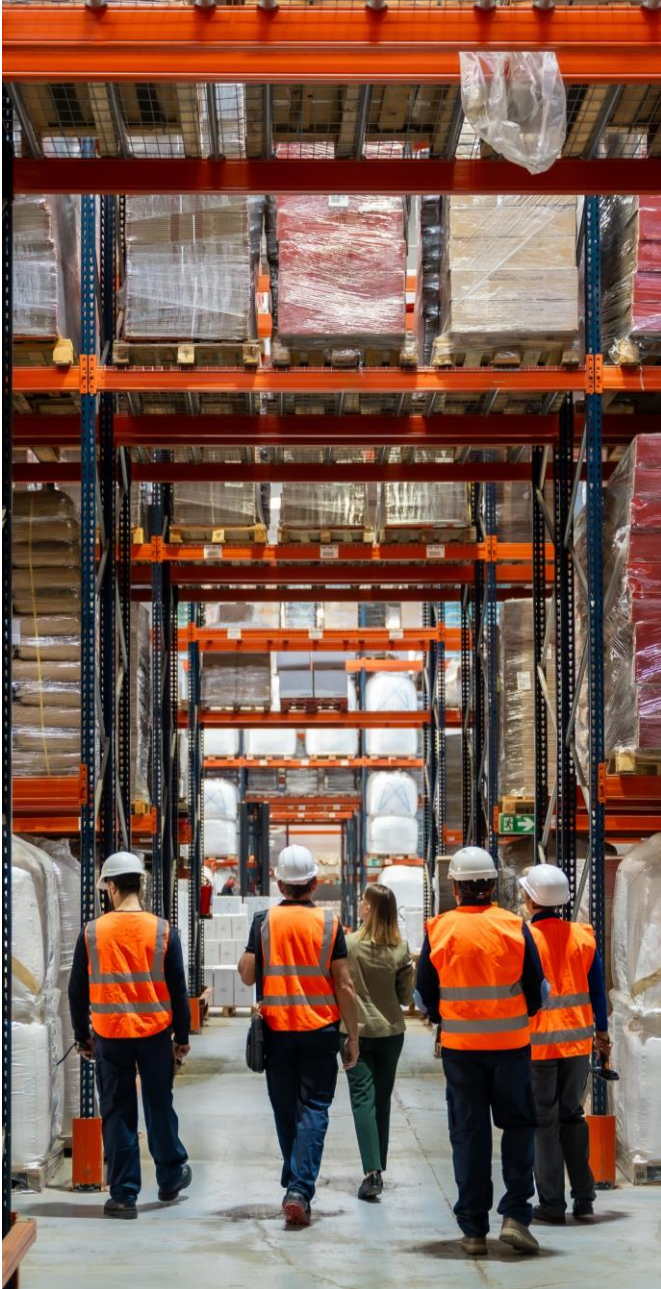
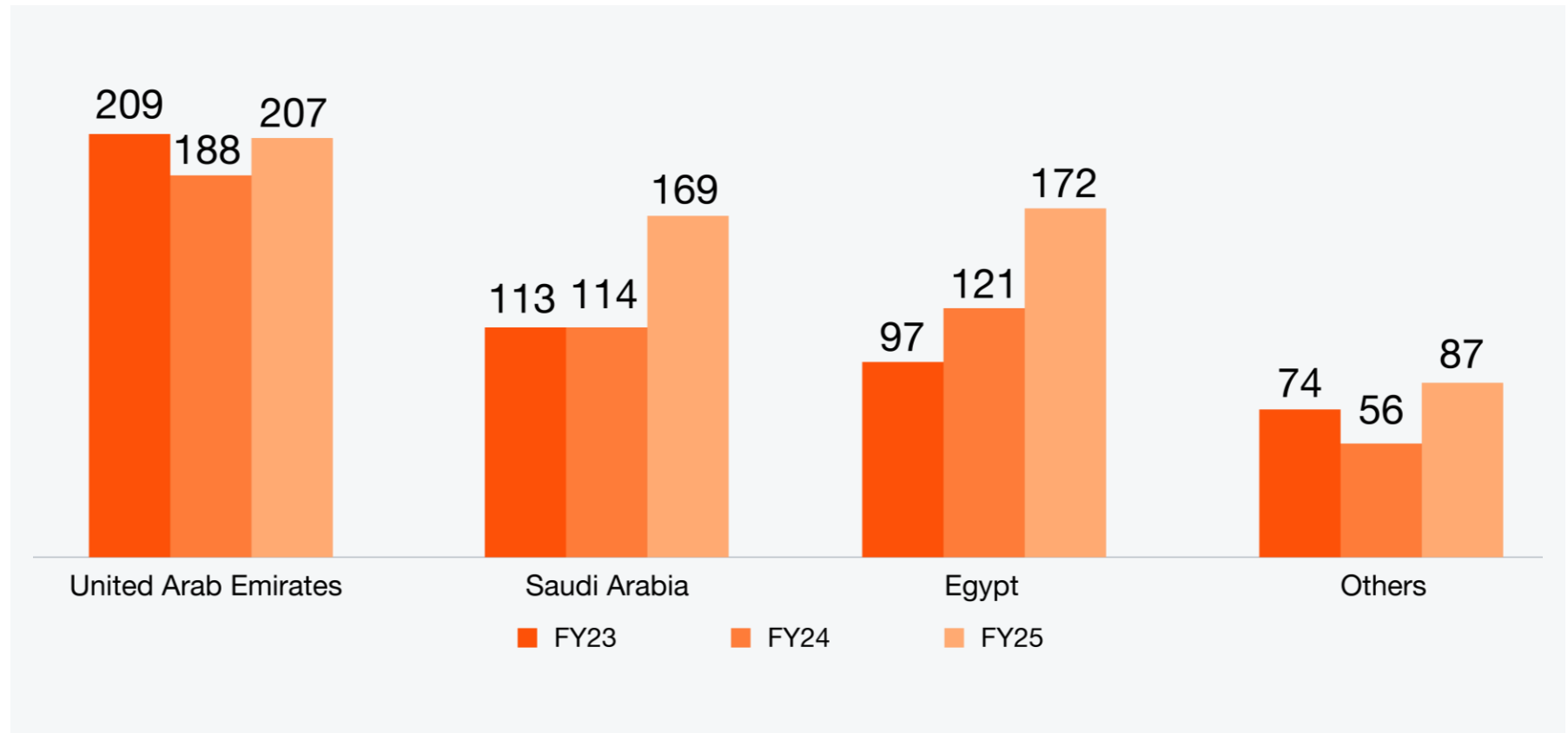


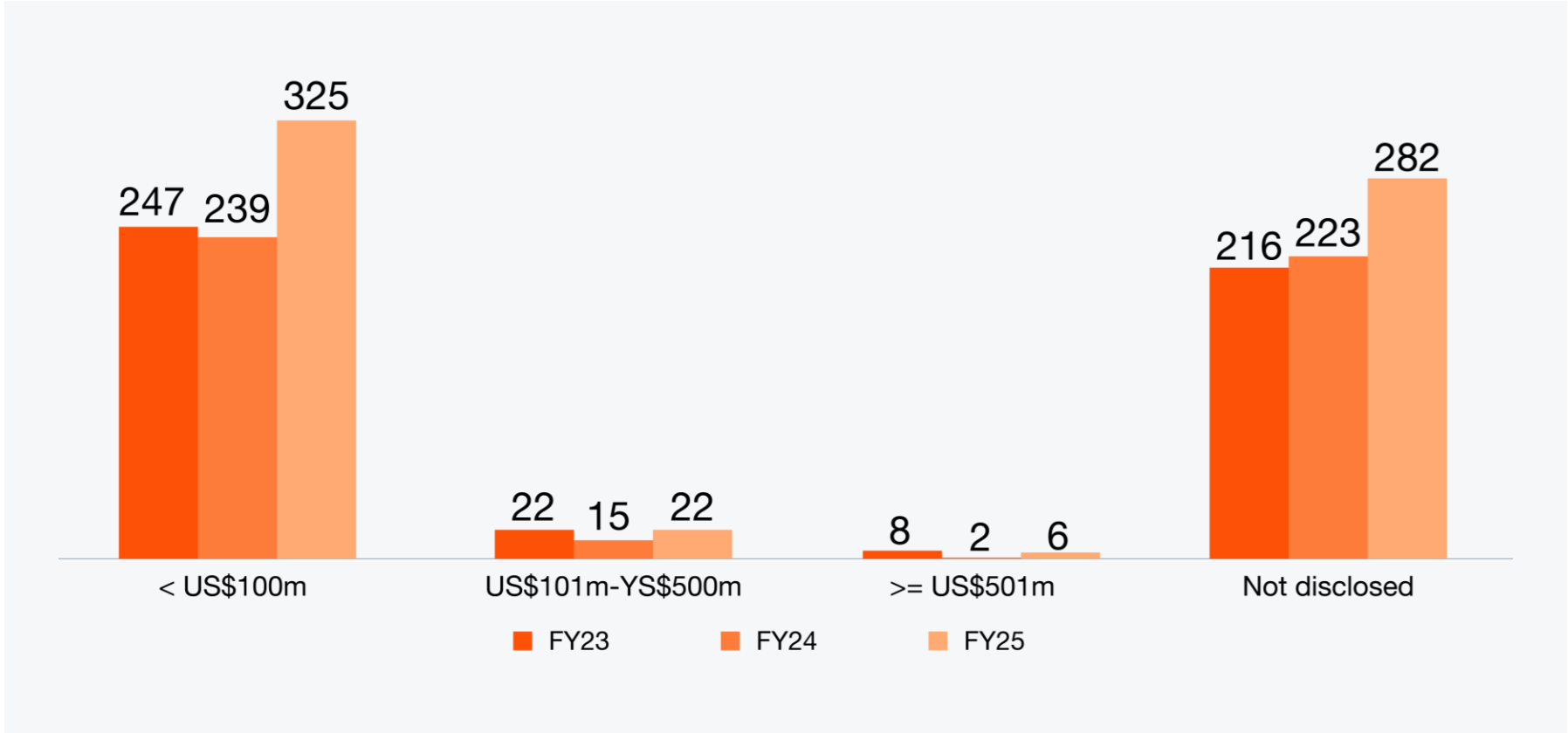
Figure 4: Middle East Deal Volume by Country (FY-2023 to FY-2025)



Source: PwC Analysis based on LSEG data



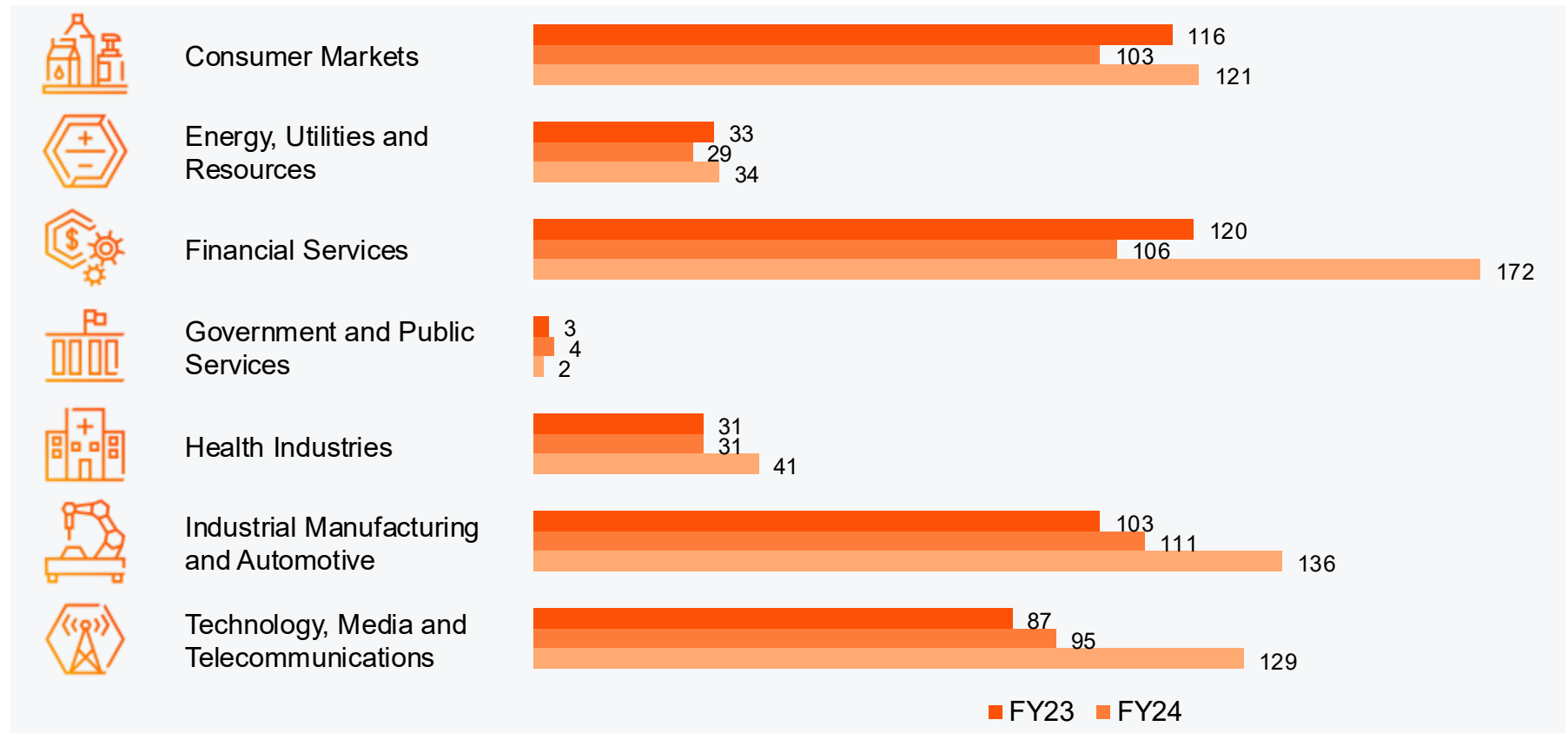
Figure 5: Number of Deals Breakdown by Values (FY-2023 to FY-2025)



Source: PwC Analysis based on LSEG data



Figure 6: Middle East Deal Volumes by Sector (FY-2023 to FY-2025)



Source: PwC analysis based on LSEG data.

The outlook: Positioning for advantage through selective, strategic deals

01

Selectivity over scale

- M&A momentum continues, but with greater discipline and focus
- 75% of Middle East CEOs (≈80% in the GCC) expect to pursue significant acquisitions (>10% of assets) in the next three years
- Dealmaking increasingly anchored in long-term strategic intent rather than volume



02

Capability-led transactions

- Focus shifting toward competitive positioning within evolving value chains
- Priority sectors:
 - AI-enabled platforms
 - Digital infrastructure
 - Advanced services and technology ecosystems
- Sector boundaries continue to blur as capital targets capability depth over asset accumulation



03

Sovereign capital shaping the next phase

- Sovereign and state-backed investors acting as ecosystem architects
- M&A used to embed global capabilities locally and anchor new industries
- Large-scale AI and digital infrastructure transactions signal long-horizon conviction



04

Operating through uncertainty

- Geopolitical risk, liquidity conditions and tech disruption will shape structuring and timing
- Regional resilience supported by:
 - Sovereign balance sheets
 - Policy continuity
 - Clear national transformation agendas



The Middle East enters 2026 deploying M&A as a strategic instrument of economic transformation — building resilience, embedding capabilities and shaping the region's next generation of growth engines.

Q&A

Thank you