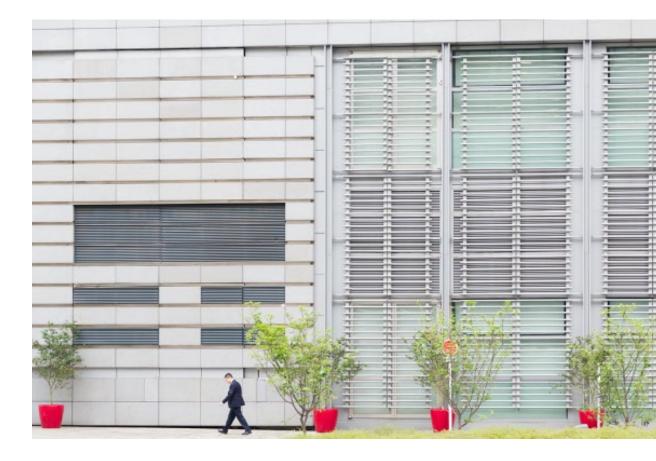
# The PwC Israel 2014 Hi-Tech Exit Report

M&A deals accounted for \$5B; IPOs for \$9.8B







Rubi Suliman, Partner, Hi-Tech Leader, PwC Israel

With nearly \$15 billion in exit deals, 2014 is by far an all-time record year for the Israeli hi-tech industry. The stars seemed to be aligned just perfectly this year for the local industry, and brought about this unprecedented success. To understand what happened in 2014, we need to look at the concurring factors that came together just at the right timing: an opportunity in the US and UK IPO market: maturity of both Israeli tech companies and investors, which was supported by the large exist deals over the last 3 years; highly-liquid investors, along with a lack of alternative investments; and last, but not least, the strength of the Israeli hi-tech that was able to reinvent itself in this ever changing environment.

#### IPOs lead the way

The 18 IPOs totaling \$9.8 billion this year (compared to just \$1.2 billion in 2013) show even to the most skeptic that Israelis want and can build large multinationals. This year we saw how mature the industry has become. Companies that would previously tend to get sold to earn investors handsome returns faster decided this time around to go for the IPO options with the vision of growing even further. For this to occur, it is not enough to have an open IPO window on the markets. It takes a combination of entrepreneurs who are up for this complex task, coupled with patient and supportive investors that choose to go all the way. Most of those companies have made at some stage the strategic decision to avoid a quick exit and take the riskier path. In addition, everyone

benefits from this trend because it makes valuations soar higher than it would have through M&As. With 13 IPOs in the US and 5 in the UK (AIM), it seems that both entrepreneurs and investors have already realized that.

#### M&As declining?

The \$5 billion in 2014, down from \$6.5 a year earlier, might seem to suggest a downward trend. But taking those numbers in conjunction with IPO data suggests that this decline owns to the fact that many mature companies have elected to take the IPO route. Fifty two companies were sold in 2014, compared to 39 in 2013, which means that the number of transactions has actually risen, while the average transaction price tag dropped from \$165 million to \$97 million. It appears, then, that the successful IPOs this year have discouraged many more companies to get sold early.

#### Where are we going from here?

It's fair to say that the Israeli hi-tech industry will be hard pressed to have another year like this, but we still don't see the end of this current wave of IPOs. There are still many Israeli companies with the ability and appetite to go public and become leaders in their markets. The same can be said about the corporate appetite for M&As, and deals are likely to continue with full force well into 2015.

#### Deeper into the future

The amounts invested in Israeli hi-tech are going up, many funds are raising money and new investors are joining. The 'entrepreneurial bug' is spreading across Israel, and we are thus expected to see ever more startups popping up. In the longer run, however, local startups will face growing competition from East Asia and even from Europe, and more countries will claim their place as hubs of tech innovation. Israel has clear advantage as of now. To maintain this edge over time, Israel needs to catch up and even exceed the rest of the world in terms of investments in education, especially techrelated, to train well the next generations of entrepreneurs and employees of the Israeli tech industry.

We believe that this report serves as proof that this investment may be one of the best the government can make.

I wish you all a happy and successful new exit year,

Yours,

Rubi Suliman, Partner, Hi-Tech Leader, PwC Israel

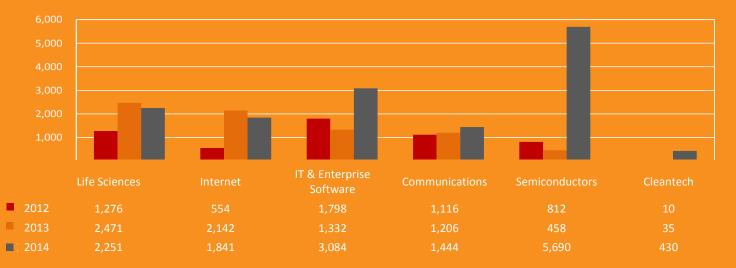
## Total annual exits (IPO & M&A)2006-2014 (in \$ millions)



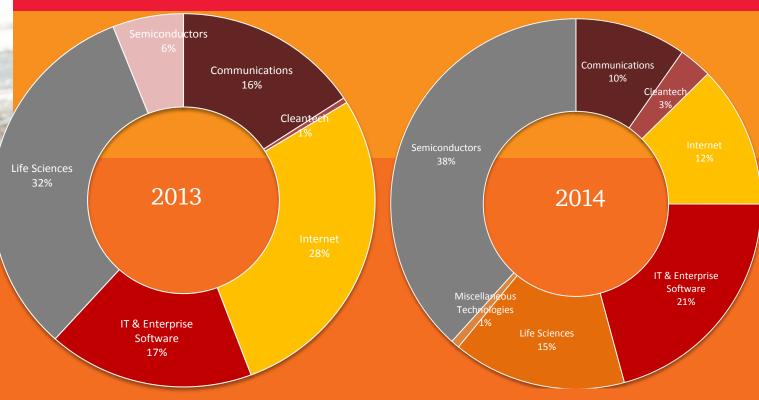


	2006	<b>2007</b>	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total Amount (\$M)	10,000	3,522	2,681	2,572	1,176	5,078	5,567	7,643	14,850
Number of deals	93	88	84	73	23	63	50	45	70
Average deal size (\$M)	108	40	32	35	51	81	111	170	212

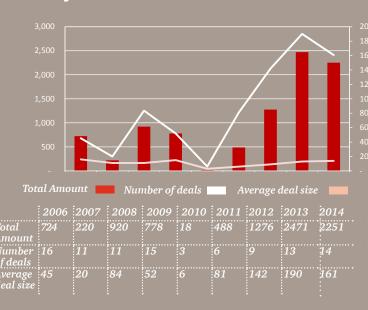
## Total annual exits by sector (in \$ millions)







#### Life Sciences



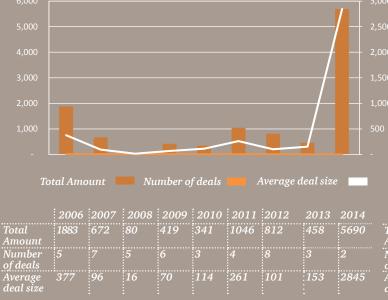
#### CleanTech



### Communication



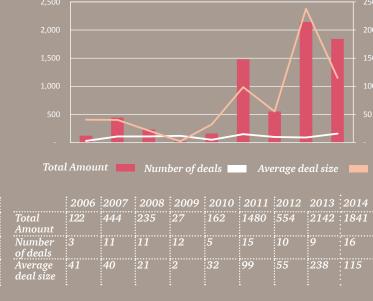
#### **Semiconductors**



### IT & Enterprise Software

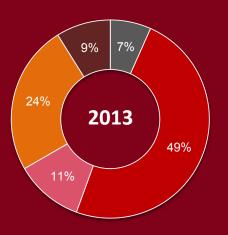


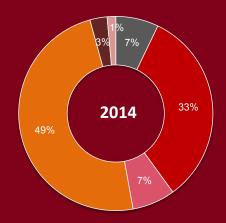
#### Internet



### Number of exits by deal size

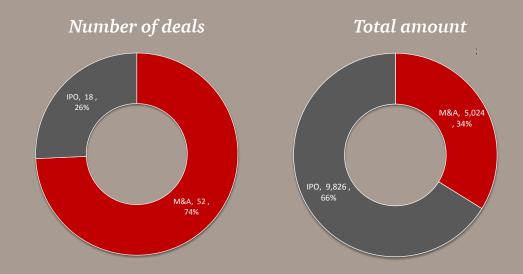






Deal Size	
<\$10M	
\$10M to \$50M	•
\$50M to \$100M	•
\$100M to \$500M	•
\$500M to \$1B	
>\$1B	

### *M&A versus IPO (2014)*

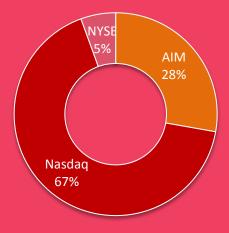


#### Average deal size (in \$ millions)

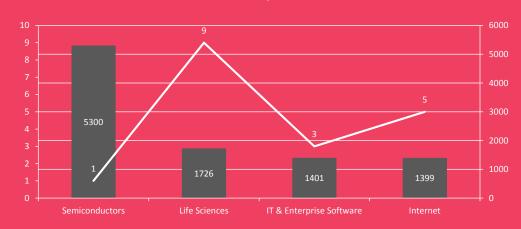


### IPO's during 2014

Company Name	Sector	Market
Borderfree	Internet	Nasdaq
Matomy	Internet	AIM
Crossrider	Internet	AIM
Marimedia	Internet	AIM
XLMedia	Internet	AIM
Varonis	IT & Enterprise Software	Nasdaq
CyberArk	IT & Enterprise Software	Nasdaq
SafeCharge	IT & Enterprise Software	AIM
Lumenis	Life Sciences	Nasdaq
MediWound	Life Sciences	Nasdaq
NeuroDerm	Life Sciences	Nasdaq
MacroCure	Life Sciences	Nasdaq
BioBlast	Life Sciences	Nasdaq
Galmed	Life Sciences	Nasdaq
ReWalk	Life Sciences	Nasdaq
Foamix	Life Sciences	Nasdaq
VBL	Life Sciences	Nasdaq
MobilEye	Semiconductors	NYSE



IPO's by sector



<sup>\*</sup>The report refers to both Asset purchase and Share Purchase M&A transactions of Israeli companies or companies that have a significant Israeli links.

Exit is defined as either closing of an acquisition of the shares, assets or operations of a target company, in consideration for cash or shares of the acquirer. Exit is also, an initial public offering (IPO) at any stock exchange, calculated in this report as the value of the company based on the IPO pricing

<sup>\*\*</sup> The report refers only to exits with a value greater than \$5 million and exits where the exit amount was disclosed.

<sup>\*\*\*\*2005-2010</sup> data based on IVC database.

#### For further information

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