



News release

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Threat of recession contains risk of further bank failures

'Banana Skins' poll identifies top threats to banks

The risk of another recession and a renewed banking crisis is high, according to a new survey of the dangers currently facing the global banking industry.

The CSFI's annual Banking Banana Skins survey, produced in association with PwC, puts macro-economic risk at the top of the list of 30 possible risks to banks. The poll is based on responses from more than 700 bankers, banking regulators and close observers of the banking industry in 58 countries including Slovakia.

The poll also shows that anxiety about the outlook for banks is at its highest level since the survey was started 13 years ago. Many respondents expected to see further bank failures and nationalisations.

The main cause of anxiety is the eurozone crisis which contains the threat of sovereign default by several countries. The shock of a euro collapse would hit banks not just in Europe but in all major regions of the world. Bankers in countries such as the US, Canada, China, Argentina and Australia put the euro crisis at the top of their list of concerns.

Banking Banana Skins 2012			
World (2010 ranking in brackets)		Slovakia	
1	Macro-economic risk (4)	1	Liquidity
2	Credit risk (2)	2	Capital availability
3	Liquidity (5)	3	Credit risk
4	Capital availability (6)	4	Profitability
5	Political interference (1)	5	Derivatives



6	Regulation (3)	6	Hedge funds
7	Profitability (-)	7	Political interference
8	Derivatives (7)	8	Quality of risk management
9	Corporate governance (12)	9	Business continuation
10	Quality of risk management (8)	10	Macro-economic risk
11	Pricing of risk (9)	11	Corporate governance
12	Business continuation (21)	12	Emerging markets
13	Back office (24)	13	Interest rates
14	Management incentives (16)	14	Regulation
15	Change management (28)	15	Rogue trader
16	Hedge funds (19)	16	Currencies
17	Interest rates (14)	17	Back office
18	High dependence on technology (18)	18	Fraud
19	Currencies (11)	19	Pricing of risk
20	Business practices (22)	20	Business practices
21	Equity markets (10)	21	High dep. on technology
22	Emerging markets (17)	22	Equity markets
23	Rogue trader (20)	23	Payment systems
24	Criminality (27)	24	Change management
25	Sustainability (25)	25	Sustainability
26	Commodities (13)	26	Criminality
27	Fraud (15)	27	Human resources
28	Human resources (-)	28	Reliance on third parties
29	Reliance on third parties (-)	29	Management incentives
30	Payment systems (26)	30	Commodities

The first consequence of a crash would be large credit losses, which appear at No. 2 on the list, closely followed by a funding crisis with banks cut off from access to liquidity (No. 3) and fresh capital (No. 4).

Complicating the picture is the increase in political interference (No. 5) and regulation (No. 6) of the banking industry. Although regulatory initiatives are intended to bring about a solution to the banking crisis, they are also adding cost and distraction to banks, and making it harder for them to supply credit to the economy.



Concern about the ability of banks to manage their way out of the crisis is also high: weakness in corporate governance (No. 9) and risk management (No. 10) are both seen as Top Ten risks. A fast-rising risk is business continuation (up from No. 21 to No. 12), i.e. the ability of the banking system to survive the failure of a major financial institution.

“The picture painted by this survey is very bleak,” said David Lascelles, the survey’s editor. *“It shows a fragile banking system beset by threats and uncertainties.”*

“For the first time, the Banana Skins survey shows the risk outlook to be better in the emerging economies than in the industrialised world. Respondents from regions such as Latin America, Africa, Asia and the Far East ranked their prospects more positively than North America and Europe thanks to stronger growth, though they felt vulnerable to global banking shocks. However, the survey also showed mounting concern about the prospects for China as its economy slows and its banks face growing pressures.” comments Alexander Mitro, manager, PwC Slovakia.

Ends

Notes to Editor:

1. Banking Banana Skins 2012 is available (£25, \$45, €35) from CSFI, 5 Derby Street, London W1J 7AB. +44 (0)20 7493 0173. info@csfi.org.uk

2. About Banking Banana Skins

The CSFI’s “Banana Skins” series provides periodic snapshots of the risk landscape in the financial services sector. As well as the banking series, the CSFI conducts surveys of the risks in insurance and microfinance.

3. About CSFI

The Centre for the Study of Financial Innovation, founded in 1993, is an independent not-for-profit think tank based in London which researches the future of financial services. It has an affiliate in New York, New York CSFI. The CSFI has been producing regular Banana Skins surveys since 1995.

www.csfi.org.uk

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