strategy&

2016 Global Innovation 1000

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Software-as-a-Catalyst



Introduction

R&D shifts

Innovation 1000 update

For the 12th year, Strategy& studied innovation trends and spending at the world's 1,000 largest publicly listed corporate R&D spenders



2005: Money isn't everything



2006: Smart spenders



2007: The customer connection



2008: Beyond borders



2009: Profits down, spending steady



2010: How top innovators keep winning



2011: Why culture is key



2012: Making ideas work



2013: Navigating the digital future



2014: Proven paths to innovation success



2015: Innovation's new world order



2016: Software-asa-catalyst

The study has become a recognized contributor in better understanding what drives success in R&D and innovation

- The Global Innovation 1000 study has received significant media and academic attention:
 - Called "the most comprehensive assessment of the relationship between R&D investment and corporate performance" by the The Economist in 2009
 - Given "2006 Special Achievement Award for Advancing Innovation" by Innovate Forum
 - Awarded Best of Visions award from PDMA in 2009
 - In 2011 and 2014, awarded Silver and Gold, respectively, for original research by the American Society of Business Press Editors ("the Azbee")
 - Cited in more than 180 publications in 27 countries



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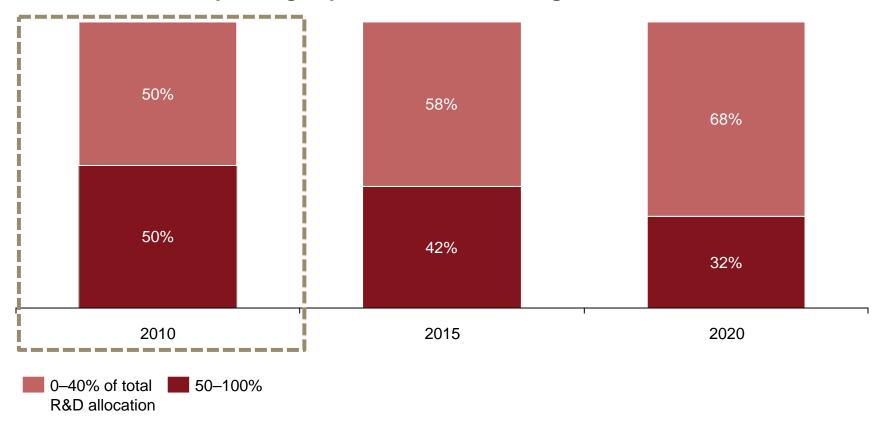
Executive Summary

- Companies are shifting their R&D resources away from physical products to software and services and this is paying off financially.
 - The average allocation of R&D spending for software and services increased from 54% to 59% between 2010 - 2015 and is expected to grow to 63% by 2020.
 - The average allocation of R&D spending of product-based offerings fell to 41%(from 46% in 2010), and is expected to fall to 37% by 2020 (decrease of 19% this decade).
- As R&D shifts to software and services, talent shifts as well. By 2020, the number of companies
 reporting electrical engineers as their top employed engineering specialty will fall by 35% and the
 proportion of companies who expect that data engineers will represent their largest group of
 employed engineers will double from 8% to 16%.
- Regionally, companies in North America are making the strongest shift to software offerings—from 15% of total R&D spending in 2010 to 24% in 2020.
- In 2016 total R&D spending by the Global Innovation 1000 increased 0.04% to \$679.8 B, essentially
 unchanged from the previous year, as a result of fluctuations in foreign currencies.
- R&D intensity spiked to its all-time high of 4.2%, last seen in 2005, as revenue within most industries decreased - especially Chemicals & Energy.
- Apple maintains it's #1 position over Alphabet (Google) on the 10 Most Innovative Companies list,
 3M jumped to #3, and Facebook rejoined the list for the first time since 2013.

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In 2010, half of all companies reported allocating 50% or more of their R&D spending to product-based offerings

Allocation of R&D spending to *product-based* offerings



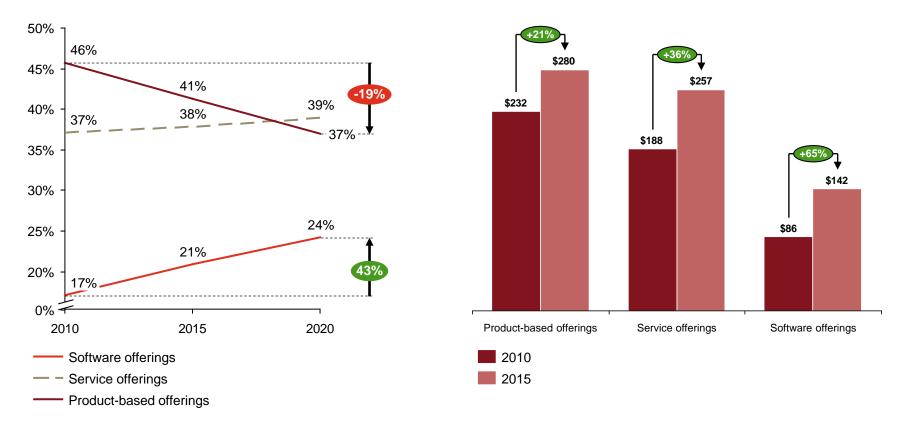
Source: 2016 Global Innovation 1000 study

Q13) Please estimate your company's allocation of R&D investment across these three offerings.

However, by 2020, companies will have shifted the majority of their R&D from product offerings to software and services

Average allocation of R&D spending to types of offerings

Total R&D spending by type of offering US\$ Billions

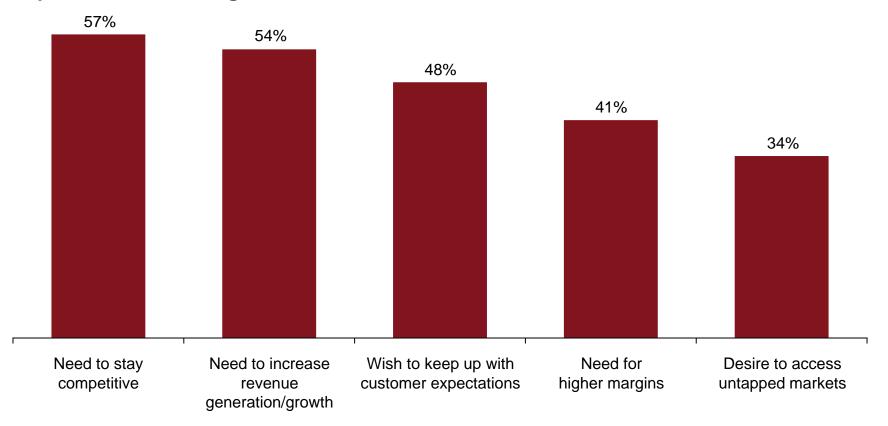


Source: 2016 Global Innovation 1000 study

Q13) Please estimate your company's allocation of R&D investment across these three offerings.

The top reason companies are shifting R&D budgets toward software and services is the "need to stay competitive"

Top 5 drivers of change in R&D allocation

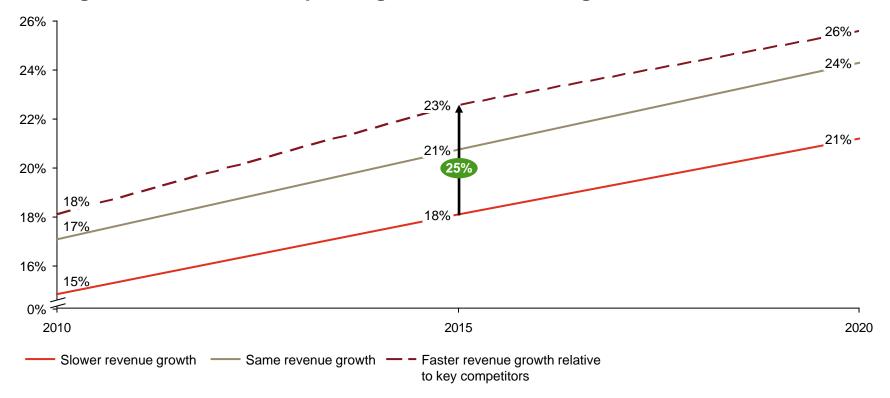


Source: 2016 Global Innovation 1000 study

Q14) What is driving this change in the mix of your company's R&D investment portfolio? (Please choose up to five reasons). N = 466.

Companies that reported faster revenue growth than their competitors allocated more R&D investment to software

Average allocation of R&D spending to software offerings



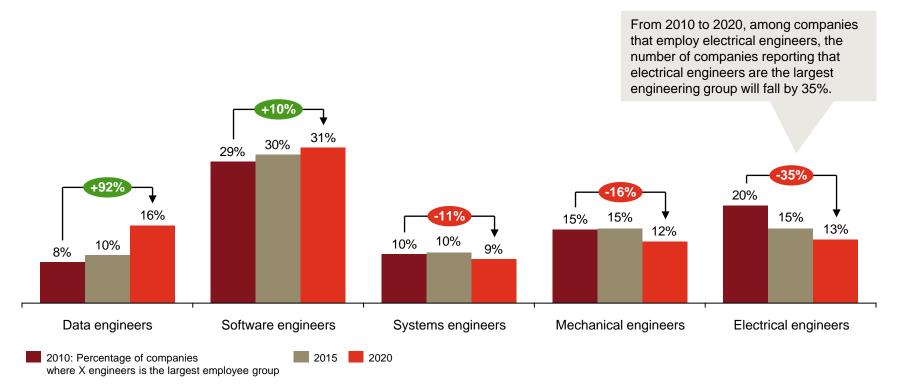
Source: 2016 Global Innovation 1000 study

Q11) How do you believe your company is performing in revenue growth relative to its key competitors?

Q13) Please estimate your company's allocation of R&D investment across these three offerings.

To support the shift in R&D spend, companies are significantly altering their engineering talent mix

Reported change in largest engineer employee group *



Source: 2016 Global Innovation 1000 study

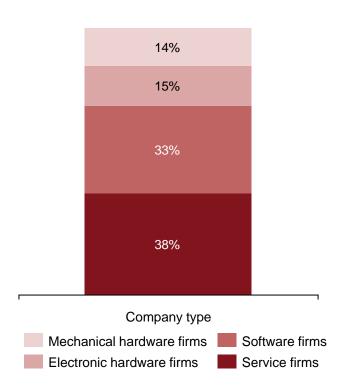
^{*}Industrial Engineers/Human Factors and Chemical Engineers/Bioengineers are not shown.

Q18) Which innovations below, if any, has your company applied to complement its business model(s)? (Please choose up to two options).

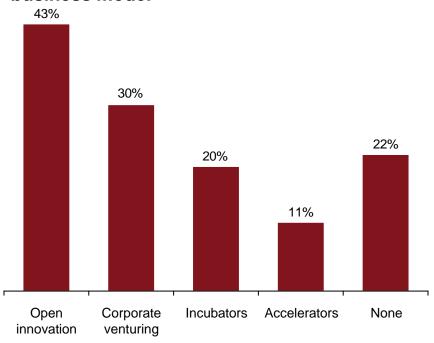
Q19) Please choose the top four types of engineers employed by your company during each of the time periods: (Rank from 1 to 4, where 1=largest number of engineers employed).

Additionally, companies are acquiring service and software firms and applying new innovation models

Type of company acquired in last five years



Type of innovation applied to compliment business model



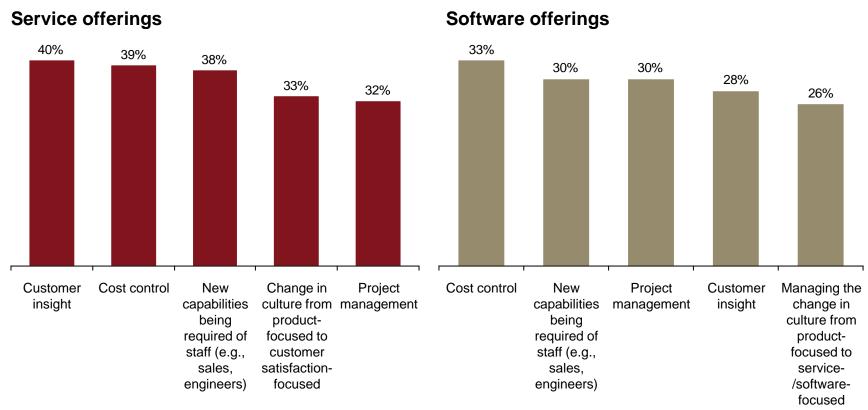
Source: 2016 Global Innovation 1000 study

Q18) Which innovations below, if any, has your company applied to complement its business model(s)? (Please choose up to two options).

Q21) Has your company acquired any of the following kinds of firms to augment its capabilities?

40% of companies cited "customer insight" as the top challenge for developing new services compared to just 28% for software

Top 5 challenges companies experienced pursing service and software offerings



Source: 2016 Global Innovation 1000 study

Q15) What are the biggest challenges your company has experienced while pursuing its service and software offerings? (Please choose up to five reasons for each offering). N = 466.

We've identified three distinct innovation strategies that cut across all industries

Need Seeker

- Consistently strive to be 1st movers
- Proactively engage customers to determine needs and shape new innovations
- Identify unarticulated needs
- Determine new innovations market back

Market Reader

- Adopt a 2nd mover strategy
- Focus on driving value through incremental change
- Innovations determined market back
- Equally concerned with competitors actions

Technology Driver

- Drive innovation via technological achievement for both incremental and breakthrough efforts
- Least proactive of 3 in directly engaging customers
- Highest Beta strategy

Company Examples

Apple Inc.

Company Examples

Samsung Electronics Co Ltd

Company Examples

Alphabet Inc.

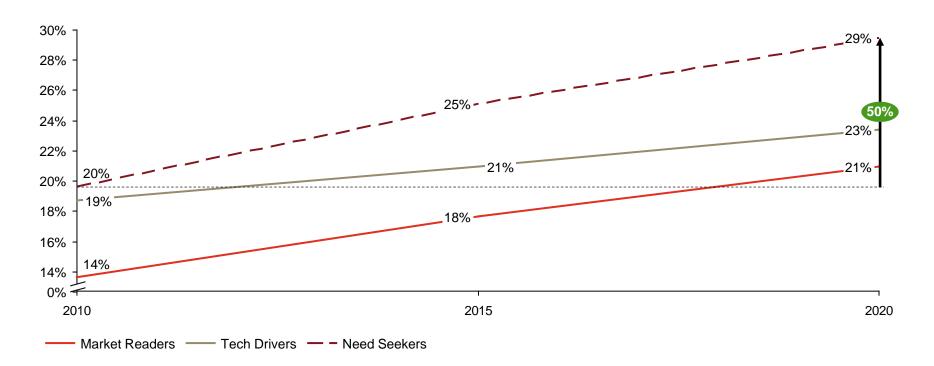


40%

35%

By 2020, Need Seekers will be allocating nearly a third of their total R&D budget to software offering

Average allocation of R&D spending to software offerings



Source: 2016 Global Innovation 1000 study

Q11) How do you believe your company is performing in revenue growth relative to its key competitors?

Q13) Please estimate your company's allocation of R&D investment across these three offerings.

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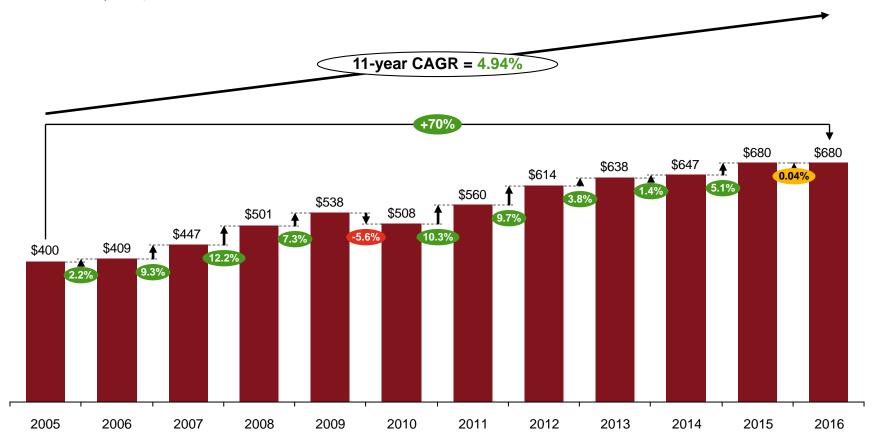
Innovation 1000 update

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In 2016, R&D spending of the top 1000 companies was flat as a result of currency fluctuations – strong US\$

Global Innovation 1000 R&D spending

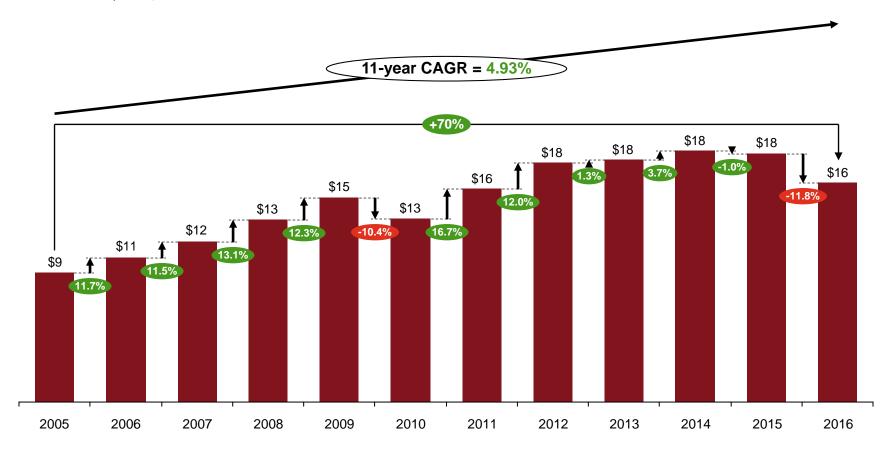
2005-2016, US\$ Billions



Total revenue for the Innovation 1000 fell by 11.8%

Global Innovation 1000 revenue

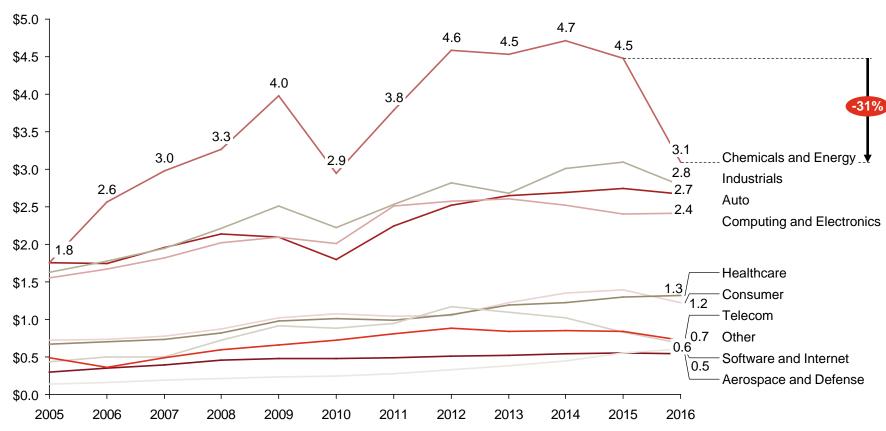
2005-2016, US\$ Trillions



Primarily due to a 31% decline in revenue in the Chemicals & Energy industry

Revenue by industry

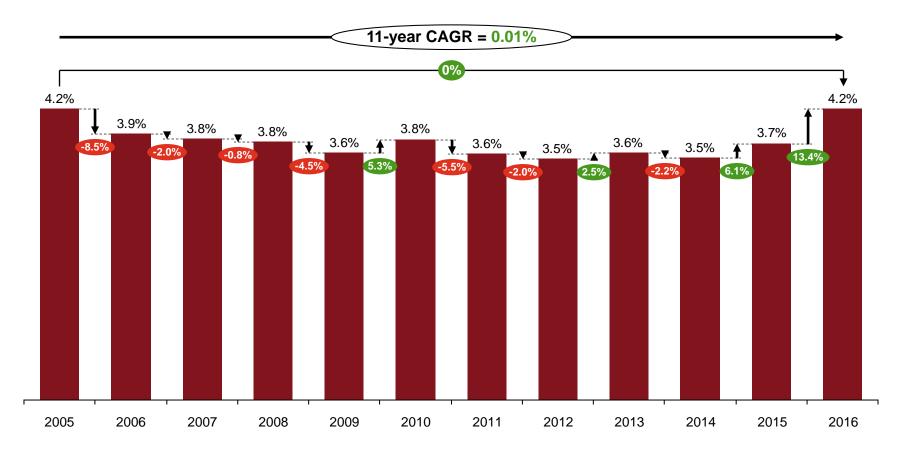
2005-2016, US\$ Trillions



Resulting in a spike in R&D intensity back to its all-time high of 4.2%, last seen in 2005

Global Innovation 1000 R&D intensity

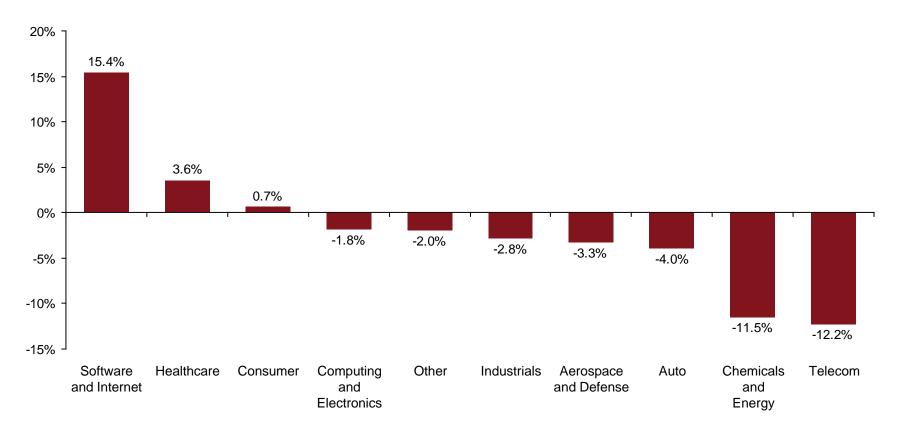
2005-2016



Only three out of nine industries increased R&D spending

Change in R&D spending by industry

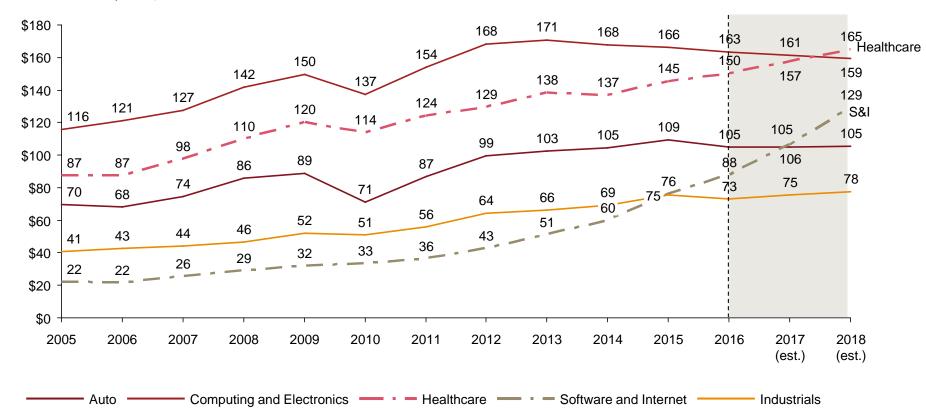
2015-2016



By 2018, Software & Internet and Healthcare will be the first and third largest industries by R&D spend

R&D spending by Top 5 industries

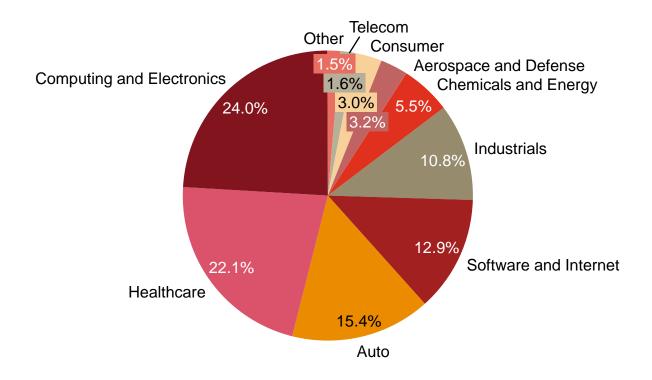
2005-2018, US\$ Billions



Computing & Electronics, Healthcare, and Auto are the three largest industries representing about 62% of total R&D spend

2016 R&D spending by industry

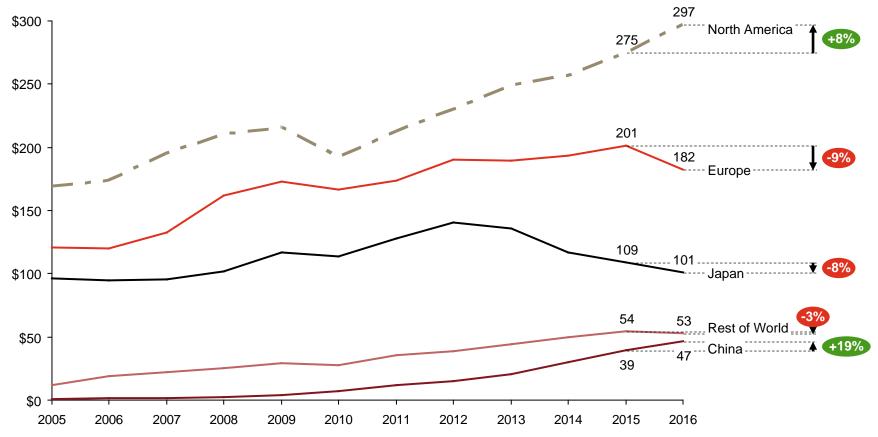
Total = \$680 Billion



R&D spending declined in Europe and Japan, but increased in North America and China

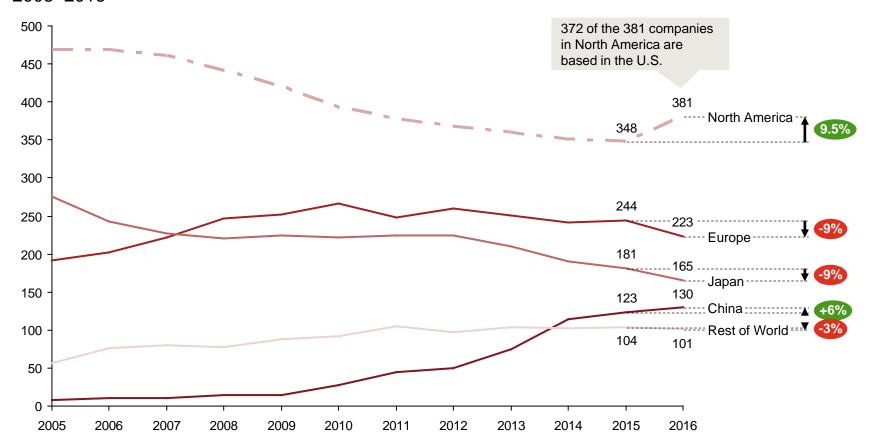
R&D spending by region

2005-2016, US\$ Billions



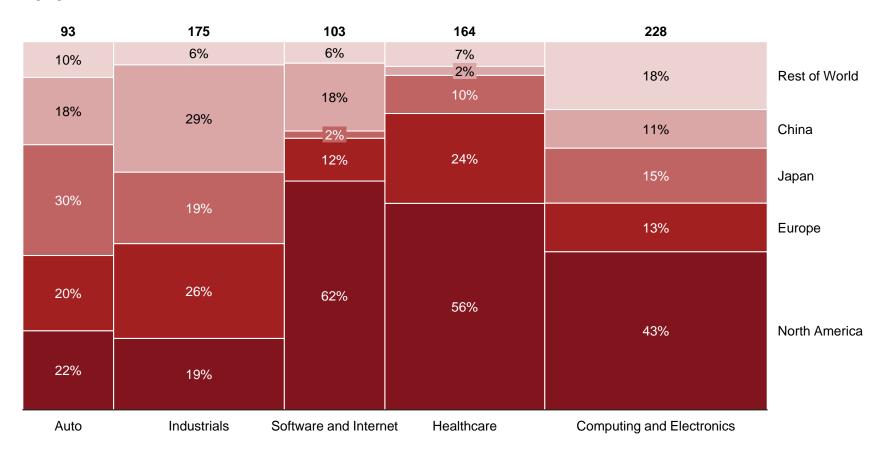
For the first time in the study's history, N. America increased the number of companies in the top 1,000 – Up 9.5% y-o-y

Number of companies in the top 1,000 by region 2005–2016



US growth is driven by its large presence in high-growth R&D industries of Software & Internet and Healthcare

Number of companies in top 5 industries by region 2016



Bristol-Myers Squibb and Oracle joined the top 20 largest R&D spenders and Apple moved up to 11th

Top 20 R&D Spenders

Rank 2016	Rank 2015	Change	Company	Geography	Industry	R&D spending (US\$ Billions)	Revenue (US\$ Billions)	R&D intensity
1	1	NA	Volkswagen AG	Europe	Auto	13.2	236.9	5.6%
2	2	NA	Samsung Electronics Co Ltd	South Korea	Computing and Electronics	12.7	177.5	7.2%
3	7	+4	Amazon.com Inc	North America	Software and Internet	12.5	107.0	11.7%
4	6	+2	Alphabet Inc	North America	Software and Internet	12.3	75.0	16.4%
5	3	-2	Intel Corp	North America	Computing and Electronics	12.1	55.4	21.9%
6	4	-2	Microsoft Corp	North America	Software and Internet	12.0	93.6	12.9%
7	5	-2	Roche Holding AG	Europe	Healthcare	10.0	50.1	19.9%
8	9	+1	Novartis AG	Europe	Healthcare	9.5	49.4	19.2%
9	10	+1	Johnson & Johnson	North America	Healthcare	9.0	70.1	12.9%
10	8	-2	Toyota Motor Corp	Japan	Auto	8.8	236.8	3.7%
11	18	+7	Apple Inc	North America	Computing and Electronics	8.1	233.7	3.5%
12	11	-1	Pfizer Inc	North America	Healthcare	7.7	48.9	15.7%
13	13	NA	General Motors Co	North America	Auto	7.5	152.4	4.9%
14	14	NA	Merck & Co Inc	North America	Healthcare	6.7	39.5	17.0%
15	15	NA	Ford Motor Co	North America	Auto	6.7	149.6	4.5%
16	12	-4	Daimler AG	Europe	Auto	6.6	166.0	4.0%
17	17	NA	Cisco Systems Inc	North America	Computing and Electronics	6.2	49.2	12.6%
18	20	2	AstraZeneca PLC	Europe	Healthcare	6.0	24.7	24.3%
19	32	+13	Bristol-Myers Squibb Co NEW	North America	Healthcare	5.9	16.6	35.7%
20	22	+2	Oracle Corp	North America	Software and Internet	5.8	37.0	15.6%
Total						179.4	2069.0	8.7%

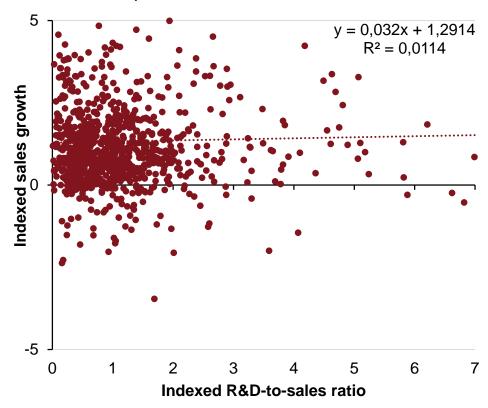
However, higher R&D spend doesn't ensure performance

The performance disconnect

Example analysis showing relation between R&D & financial performance

~10,000 analyses found *NO* statistical relationship between R&D spend and

- Sales growth
- Gross profit growth
- Operating profit growth
- Operating Margin
- · Net profit growth
- Net Margin
- Market cap growth
- Total shareholder return



Source: Strategy& Global Innovation 1000 study

Apple and Alphabet (Google) continue to lead the most innovative list, while Facebook rejoined and 3M returned to third

10 Most Innovative Companies

Rank	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
1	Apple						
2	Google	Google	Google	Google	Google	Google	Alphabet*
3	3M	3M	3M	Samsung	Amazon	Tesla	3M
4	General Electric	General Electric	Samsung	Amazon	Samsung	Samsung	Tesla
5	Toyota	Microsoft	General Electric	3M	Tesla	Amazon	Amazon
6	Microsoft	IBM	Microsoft	General Electric	3M	3M	Samsung
7	Procter & Gamble	Samsung	Toyota	Microsoft	General Electric	General Electric	Facebook
8	IBM	Procter & Gamble	Procter & Gamble	IBM	Microsoft	Microsoft	Microsoft
9	Samsung	Toyota	IBM	Tesla	IBM	IBM	General Electric
10	Intel	Facebook	Amazon	Facebook	Procter & Gamble	Toyota	IBM

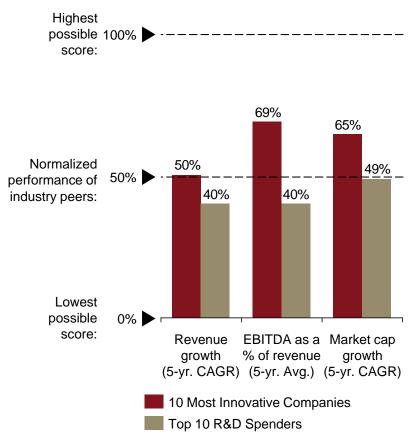
Source: 2016 Global Innovation 1000 study. The 10 Most Innovative Companies are named by respondents to the 2016 survey of global innovation experts. *In 2015, Google announced a corporate restructuring forming an umbrella company called Alphabet.

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For seven straight years, the 10 Most Innovative Companies have outperformed the Top 10 R&D Spenders

10 Most Innovative Companies* vs. Top 10 R&D Spenders

Rank	10 Most Innovative Companies	2016 R&D spend (US\$ Bn)	R&D intensity	Top 10 R&D Spenders	2016 R&D spend (US\$ Bn)	R&D intensity
1	Apple Inc	8.1	3.5%	Volkswagen AG	13.2	5.6%
2	Alphabet Inc	12.3	16.4%	Samsung Electronics Co Ltd	12.7	7.2%
3	3M Co	1.8	5.8%	Amazon.com Inc	12.5	11.7%
4	Tesla Motors Inc	0.7	17.7%	Alphabet Inc	12.3	16.4%
5	Amazon.com Inc	12.5	11.7%	Intel Corp	12.1	21.9%
6	Samsung Electronics Co Ltd	12.7	7.2%	Microsoft Corp	12.0	12.9%
7	Facebook Inc	4.8	26.9%	Roche Holding AG	10.0	19.9%
8	Microsoft Corp	12.0	12.9%	Novartis AG	9.5	19.2%
9	General Electric Co	4.2	3.7%	Johnson & Johnson	9.0	12.9%
10	International Business Machines Corp	5.2	6,4%	Toyota Motor Corp	8.8	3.7%



Source: 2016 Global Innovation 1000 study. The 10 Most Innovative Companies are named by respondents to the 2016 survey of global innovation experts.

^{*}Facebook did not have Market Cap data spanning back 5 years.

For the complete study and more information on the annual Strategy& Global Innovation 1000 study

Please visit:

http://www.strategyand.pwc.com/innovation1000

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